PROPRIA QUÆ MARIBUS, QUÆ GENUS, And AS IN PRÆSENTI,

Engliſhed and Explained;

For the Uſe of young *GRAMMARIANS.*

By *Charls Hoole*, Maſter of Arts, Teacher of a private Grammar-School, in *Arundel*-houſe (heretofore the Token-houſe) in *Lothbury*, not far from the Royal Exchange *London*.

LONDON,
Printed by *W. G.* for *John Saywell*, and are to be ſold at his Shop in *Little-Britain* without *Alderſgate*, at the Sign of the *Greyhound*, 1657.

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PROPRIA QUÆ MARIBUS
Explained.

1. The General Rules of Proper Names.

1. **Proper Names which are given to Males (or Hees) are of the Masculine Gender,** viz.

1. **Of * Gods,** as,
   Bacchus, chi.
   Mars, tis.
   Apollo, ĭnis.
2. **Of Men,** as,
   Cato ónis.
   Virgilius, lii.
3. **Of Rivers,** as,
   Tybris, is, Becan, Abl. i. Orontes, tis, m.
4. **Of Moneths,** as,
   October, bris, Abl. i.
5. **Of winds,** as,
   Lybs, bis, } the West-South-West-wind.
   Notus, ti, }
   Auster, tri, } the South-wind.

* These were no Gods, but Idols, or Devils (rather) worshipped as Gods.

2. **Proper Names which are given to Females (or Shees) are of the Feminine Gender,** viz.

1. **Goddesses,** as,
   Juno ónis.
   Venus, ĕris.
2. **Of Women,** as,
   Anna, æ.

Philótis

Philótis, ótidis.

3. **Of Cities, as,**
Elis, ĭdis.
Opus, untis.

4. **Of Countries, as,**
Græcia, æ.
Persis, idis.

5. **Of Islands, as,**
Creta, æ,
Britannia, æ.
Cyprus, pri.

Yet these proper Names of Cities are excepted, viz.

1. { Sulmo, mónis, / Agragas, gantis, } **of the Masculine Gender**
2. { Argos, gi, / Tibur, ŭris, / Prænestе, is, } **of the Neuter Gender**
3. { Anxur, ŭris, } **of both Masculine and Neuter Gender**

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3. General Rules for the Genders of Common Names.

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1. **All Common Names of Trees are of the Feminine Gender, as,**

Alnus, ni, **an Alder tree**
Cupressus, si, **a Cypresse tree**
Cedrus, dri, **a Cedar tree**

Yet

Yet theſe common Names of trees are excepted, viz:

1. { a Pinus, ni, & ûs, a wild Pine-tree or as ſome read, / b Spinus, ni, a Sloe-tree / Oleaſter, tri, a wild Olive tree } Of the Maſculine gender

a Pinus *Maſc. & Fem. ſaith Holyoke; Fem. heretofore of the Maſc.* Calepin. b Hic *Spinus a Sloe-tree, &* hæc *Spina a thorn or prickle, ſaith* Servius *in Virg.*

1. { Siler, ĕris, an oſier / Suber, ĕris, a Cork-tree / Thus, ûris, a Frankincenſe-tree / Robur, ŏris, an Oak / Acer, ĕris, a Maple. } Of the Neuter gender.

2. Theſe kind of common names are of the Epicene Gender, viz.

1. Of Birds, as,

Paſſer, ĕris, m. a Sparrow
Hirundo, ĭnis, f. a Swallow

2. Of Beaſts, as,

Tygris, is, f. a Tygre
Vulpes, is, f. a Fox

3. Of Fiſhes, as,

Oſtrea, æ, f. an Oyſter
Cetus, ti, m. a Whale

3. * All Nouns that end in lum, are of the Neuter Gender, as,

Londínum, ni, London
Malum, li, an Apple
Eborácum, ci, York

Except the names of Women, as hæc Glycerium.

4. Every

4. Every Noun that doth not alter its termination is of the Neuter Gender, as,

N. Fas,
G. Fas,
D. Fas, &c. } Right

Yet the Genders of common Names are better known by the Genitive case singular, for which there are three special Rules.

4. The first Special Rule for the Genders of Common Names.

1. A Noun which hath no more syllables in the Genitive case singular, than it hath in the Nominative, is of the Feminine Gender, as,

1 2		1 2		1 2	
N. Nu-bes,	a cloud.	Ca-pra,	a shee goat.	Ca-ro,	flesh.
G. Nu-bis,		Ca-præ,		Car-nis,	

1. Exception. Masculines,

1. Yet these Names are of the Masculine Gender, though they do not increase in the Genitive case, viz.

1. Nouns that signifie Properties or Offices of men, are of the Masculine Gender, if they end in (a) as,

Scriba, æ, a Scribe
Assecla, æ, a Page
Scurra, ræ, a Scoffer

Rabula

Rábula, æ, a Brawler
Lixa, æ, a Scullion
Lanista, æ, a Fencer

2. Nouns that came from the first Declension of the Greeks, which ends in (as and es) and are made to end in (a) are of the Masculine Gender, as,

Sátrapas, æ, } a Peer
Satrapa, æ, }
Athlétes, æ, } a Wrestler
Athléta, æ, }

3. These Nouns are Masculines, viz.

Verres, ris, a Boar-pig
Natális, is, a Birth-day
Aquális, is, an Ewer

4. Nouns which are compounded of As, assis, are Masculines, as,

Centussis, is, a hundred weight

5. Likewise these Nouns are Masculines.

Liénis, is, the Milt
Orbis, is, a round thing
Callis, is, a Path-way
Caulis, is, a Stalk
Follis, is, a pair of Bellows
Collis, is, a little Hill
Mensis, is, a Moneth
Ensis, is, a Sword
Fustis, is, a Club
Funis, is, a Rope

Panis

Panis, is, Bread
Penis, is, a mans yard
Crinis, is, Hair
Ignis, is, Fire
Cassis, is, a Net
Fascis, is, a Faggot
Torris, is, a Fire-brand
Sentis, is, a Thorn
Piscis, is, a Fish
Unguis, is, a Nail or Claw
Vermis, is, a Worm
Vectis, is, a Door-bar
Postis, is, a Post
Axis, is, an Axle-tree

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6. Lastly, all Nouns which end either

in { *a* er, / os, / *b* ūs, } as { Venter, tris, a Belly. / Logos, gi, a Speech. / Annus, ni, a Year. } are of the Masculine Gender.

a Yet Mater, tris, a Mother, is of the Feminine Gender though it end in er.

b And these Nouns that end in (us) are of the Feminine Gender, v.ż.

Humus, mi, the Ground
Domus, mi, or us, a House
Alvus, vi, the Paunch
Colus, li, a Spindle or Distaffe
Ficus, ci, & cus, a Fig, or Fig-tree.
Acus, us, a Needle
Porticus, cus, a Porch
Tribus, us, a Tribe
Socrus, us, a Mother-in-law
Nurus, us, a Daughter-in-law

Manus

Manus, ûs, a Hand.
Pl. Idus, uum, the Ides of a Month.
Anus, us, an old Wife.
Vannus, ni, a Van.

Likewiſe Greeke words which change os into us are of the Feminine Gender, as,

Papyrus, ri, Paper.
Antidŏtus, ti, a preſervative againſt Poyſon.
Coſtus, ti, the Herb Ale-coſt.
Diphthongus, gi, a Diphthong.
Byſſus, ſi, fine Linnen.
Abyſſus, ſi, a bottomleſſe-pit.
Chryſtallus, li, Chryſtal.
Synŏdus, di, an Aſſembly.
Saphyrus, ri, a Saphyre.
Erémus, mi, a Wilderneſſe.
Arctus, ti, Charles-wain.

---

2 Except. Neuters.

2. Theſe Nounes are of the Neuter Gender, though they doe not encreaſe in the Genitive Caſe, viz.

1. Nounes that end in (e) in the Nominative caſe, and make (is) in the Genitive caſe, are of the Neuter Gender, as,

Mare, is, the Sea.
Rete, is, a Net.

---

2. All Nounes that end in On and Um in the Nominative caſe ſingular, are of the Neuter Gender, as,

Barbiton, ti, a Lute.
Ovum, vi, an Egge.

3. **Also these four Nouns are of the Neuter Gender,** viz.

Hippómanes, nis, **a piece of flesh in a Colts forehead.**
Cacoéthes, is, **an evil custome.**
Virus, invar. **Poyson.**
Pelagus, gi, **the Sea.**

4. **This Noun** Vulgus, gi, **the common people, is both of the Masculine and Neuter Gender.**

3. Exception. Doubtfuls.

These Nouns are of the Doubtfull Gender, viz.

Talpa, æ, **a Mole.**
Dama, æ, **a fallow Deer.**
Canális, is, **a Channel.**
* Halcyonis, is, **a Kings-fisher.**
Finis, is, **an End.**
Clunis, is, **a Buttock.**
Restis, is, **a Rope.**
Penus, ni, or ŭs, **Victuals.**
Amnis, nis, **a River.**
Pampinus, ni, **a Vine-leaf.**
Corbis, is, **a Basket.**
Linter, tris, **a Cock-boat.**
Torquis, is, **a Gold-chain.**
Specus, ci, or cŭs, **a Den.**
Anguis, is, **a Snake.**
Ficus, ci, **a Pile in the Fundament.**
Phaselus, li, **a Galeot or Barge.**
Lécythus, thi, **an Oyl-glasse.**
Atomus, mi, **a little Mote.**
Grossus, si, **a Green-fig.**
Pharus, ri, **a Watch-tower.**
Paradisus, si, **Paradise.**

* Halcyon *is read of the Feminine Gender, and seems to belong to the third special Rule.*

4. Except. Commons.

4. **These Nouns are of the common of two Gender which do not increase in the Genitive case, viz.**

1. **Nouns which are compounded of a Verb, and end in (a) as,**

Grajúgena, æ, a Grecian born,	Compounded of	Graius, & Gigno.
Agricŏla, æ, a Husbandman.		Ager, gri, & Colo.
Advĕna, æ, a Stranger,		Ad, & Venio.

2. **Likewise these Nouns are of the common of two Gender, viz.**

Senex, nis, an old man.
Auríga, æ, a Carter.
Verna, æ, a Slave.
Sodális, is, a Companion.
Vates, is, a Prophet.
Extorris, is, a Banished man.
Patruélis, is, a cousin-german.
Perduellis, is, an Enemy in war.
Affinis, nis, a Kinsman.
Júvenis, is, a Young man.
Testis, is, a Witnesse.
Civis, is, a Citizen.
Canis, is, a Dog or a Bitch.
Hostis, is, an Enemy.

5. The second special Rule for the Genders of common Names.

2. **Nouns that have more syllables in the Genitive case, than they have in the Nominative case, are of the Feminine Gender, if the last syllable save one in the Genitive case singular be pronounced long, as,**

1 2 3
Nom. hæc Pi-e-tas,
1 2 3 4
Gen. hujus Pi-e-tá-tis. } Godliness.

1 2
Nom. hæc Vir-tus.
1 2 3
Gen. hujus Vir-tú-tis. } Virtue.

1. Except Masculines.

1. **These Nouns of one syllable are of the Masculine Gender, though they encrease long in the Genitive case, viz.**

Sal, salis, Salt.
Sol, solis, the Sun.
Ren, is, the Kidney.
Splen, is, the Spleen.
Car, is, a man of Caria.
Ser, is, a man of Seres.
Vir, ri, a Man.
Vas, dis, a Surety.
As, assis, a pound weight.

Mas

Mas, ris, the Male.
Bes, bessis, eight ounces.
Cres, tis, a man of Candy.
Præs, dis, a Surety.
Pes, dis, a Foot.
Glis, gliris, a Dormouse.
Mos, móris, a Manner.
Flos, flóris, a Flower.
Ros, róris, the Dew.
Tros, ós, a Trojan.
Mus, múris, a Mouse.
Dens, tis, a Tooth.
Mons, tis, a Mountain.
Pons, tis, a Bridge.
Fons, tis, a Fountain.
Seps, sépis, a Newte.
Gryps, phis, a Gryphon.
Thrax, ácis, a Thracian.
Rex, régis, a King.
Grex, gis, a Flock.
Phryx, gis, a Phrygian.

2. Nouns of more syllables than one, which do end in (N) in the Nominative case singular, are of the Masculine Gender, as,

Acarnan, ánis, one of Acarnania.
Lichen, énis, the Hearb Liver-wort.
Delphin, ínis, a Fish called a Dolphin.

3. Nouns which do end in (O) and signifie a body, are of the Masculine Gender, as,

Leo, ónis, a Lion.
Curculio, ónis, a Weesel.

And these three Nouns.
Senio, ónis, the Size of a Die.

Ternio, ónis, the Trey.
Sermo, ónis, Speech.

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4. Nouns which end in { er. / or. / os. } as { Crater, éris, a great cup. / Cónditor, óris, a Builder. / Heros, óis, a Noble-man. }

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5. These are of the Masculine Gender.

Torrens, tis, a Brook.
Nefrens, tis, a weaned Pig.
Oriens, tis, the East.

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6. Many Nouns that end in Dens are of the Masculine Gender, as,

Bidens, tis, a two-grained Hoik.

---

7. And these Nouns are of the Masculine Gender, viz.

Gygas, antis, a Giant.
Elephas, antis, an Elephant.
Adamas, antis, an Adamant.
Garamas, antis, a man of Garamatia.
Tapes, étis, Cloth of Arras.
Lebes, étis, a Caldron.
Cures, étis, a man of Crete.
Magnes, étis, a Load-stone.
Meridies, éi, Noon.

---

8. Nouns which are compounded of As, assis, are of the Masculine Gender, as,

Dodrans, tis, nine Ounces.
Semis, issis, half a pound.

9. Likewise

9. **Likewise these Nouns are of the Masculine Gender,** viz.

Samnis, ítis, a **Samnite.**
Hydrops, ópis, **the Dropsie.**
Nycticorax, ácis, a **Night-Raven.**
Thorax, ácis, a **Brest-plate.**
Vervex, écis, a **Wether.**
Phœnix, ícis, a **Phenix.**
Bombyx, ícis, a **Silk-worm.**

Yet Syren, énis, a **Mear-maid.**

* Mulier, íeris, a **Woman.**
Soror, óris, a **Sister.**
Uxor, óris, a **Wife.**
are of the Feminine Gender.

* Mulier *belongs rather to the third special rule.*

2. Exception. Neuters.

2. **These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender, though they increase long in the Genitive case.**

1. **Certain Nouns of one syllable,** viz.

Mel, mellis, **Honey.**
Fel, fellis, **Gall.**
Lac, ctis, **Milk.**
Far, farris, **Spelt or Wheat.**
Ver, véris, **the Spring.**
Cor, dis, a **Heart.**
Æs, æris, **Brasse.**
Vas, vasis, a **Vessel.**
Os, ossis, a **Bone.**
Os, oris, a **Mouth.**
Rus, rúris, **the Country.**

Thus, thúris, Frankincense.
Jus, júris, Law or Right.
Crus, crúris, a Leg.
Pus, púris, Filth or Matter of a Sore.

---

2. Nouns of more syllables, which end either

In { al. / ar. } as { Capital, ális, a Quoif. / Laquear, áris, the vaulted roof of a house.

---

3. This Noun Halec, écis, a Herring, is both of the Feminine and Neuter Gender in the singular number, and of the Feminine only in the plural.

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3. Exception. Doubtfulls.

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3. These Nouns are of the Doubtfull Gender, though they increase long in the Genitive case, viz.

Python, ónis, one possessed with a propheccying spirit.
Scrobs, óbis, a Ditch.
Serpens, tis, a Serpent.
Bubo, ónis, an Owl.
Rudens, entis, a Cable-rope.
Grus, gruis, a Crane.
Perdix, dícis, a Partridge.
Linx, cis, a Beast called an Ounce.
Limax, ácis, a Snail.
Stirps, pis, the Stock of a Tree.
Calx, cis, the Heel.
Dies éi, a Day, which is of the Masculine Gender only in the Plural number.

4. Except.

4. Except. Commons.

4. **Theſe Nouns are of the common of two Gender, though they increaſe long in the Genitive caſe, viz.**

Parens, entis, a **Father** or **Mother.**
Author, óris, an **Author.**
Infans, tis, an **Infant.**
Adoleſcens, tis, a **Young-man.**
Dux, dúcis, a **Captain.**
Illex, légis, a **Lawleſſe perſon.**
Hæres, édis, an **Heir.**
Exlex, légis, a **Lawleſſe perſon.**

Nouns compounded of Frons, as,

Bifrons, tis, **one that hath a double face-head.**
Cuſtos, ódis, a **Keeper.**
Bos, bovis, an **Ox.**
Fur, fúris, a **Thief.**
Sus, ſuis, a **Swine.**
Sacerdos, dótis, a **Prieſt.**

6. The third ſpecial Rule for the Genders of Common Names.

3. **If a Noun have more ſyllables in the Genitive caſe ſingular, than it hath in the Nominative, and the laſt ſyllable ſave one in the Genitive caſe be ſhort, it is of the Maſculine Gender, as,**

	1 2	
Nom.	San-guis.	} **Blood.**
	1 2 3	
Gen.	San-gui-nis.	

1. Excep.

1. Exception. Feminines.

1. Yet these Nouns are of the Feminine Gender, though they increase short in the Genitive case, viz.

1. All Nouns of more than two syllables, which end either

In { do / go } & make the G. in { dĭnis / gĭnis } as { Dulcédo, dĭnis, sweetnes / Compágo, gĭnis, a joynt.

2. These Nouns are of the Feminine Gender, viz.

Virgo, gĭnis, a Maid.
Grando, dĭnis, Hail.
Fides, dĕi, Faith.
Compes, pĕdis, a pair of Fetters.
Teges, gĕtis, a Mat.
Seges, gĕtis, standing-corn.
Arbor, ŏris, a Tree.
Hyems, ĕmis, Winter.
Bacchar, chăris, the Herb called Plough-mans Spiknard, or Ladies Gloves.
Syndon, dŏnis, fine Linnen.
Gorgon, ŏnis, one of the Daughters of Phorcus.
Icon, cŏnis, an Image.
Amazon, ŏnis, a warlike Woman of Scythia.

3. Greek Nouns which end in { as. / is. } as { Lampas, ădis, a Lamp. / Jaspis, ĭdis, a Jasper-stone.

And these two Latine words in is.

viz. Cassis, ĭdis, an Helmet.
Cuspis, ĭdis, a spear point.

As also, Pecus, ŭdis, small Cattle.

4. These

4. **These Nouns are of the Feminine Gender,** viz.

Forfex, fĭcis, **a pair of Sciſſers.**
Pellex, ĭcis, **an Harlot.**
Carex, rĭcis, **Sedge.**
Supellex, lectĭlis, **Houſhold-ſtuff,** pl. hæc ſupellectilia.
Appendix, ĭcis, **an Appentice.**
Hiſtrix, ĭcis, a **Porcupine.**
Coxendix, ĭcis, **an Hip.**
Filix, ĭcis, **Fern.**

2. Exception of Neuters.

2. **These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender, though they increaſe ſhort in the Genitive caſe,** viz.

1. **All Nouns which ſignifie a thing which hath no life, and end either**

In	a.	as	Problema, ătis, **a hard Queſtion.**
	en.		Omen, ĭnis, **Luck.**
	ar.		Jubar, ăris, **the Sun-beam.**
	ur.		Jecur, ŏris, **the Liver.**
	us.		Onus, ĕris, **a Burden.**
	put.		Occiput, ĭtis, **the hinder part of the head.**

yet Pecten, ĭnis, **a Comb, and** Furfur, ŭris, **Bran, are of the Maſculine Gender.**

2. **These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender, which end in** er, viz.

Cadaver, ĕris, **a Dead Corps.**
Verber, ĕris, **a Stripe.**
Iter, tinĕris, **a Journey.**

Suber

Suber, ĕris, a Cork.
Tuber, ĕris, a Mushrome.
Uber, ĕris, a Dug.
Gingiber, ĕris, Ginger.
Laser, ĕris, the Herb Benjamin.
Cicer, ĕris, a Vetch.
Piper, pĕris, Pepper.
Papaver, ĕris, Poppy.
Siser, ĕris, a Parsnip.
Siler, ĕris, an Osier.

3. Likewise these Nouns are of the Neuter Gender, viz.

Æquor, ŏris, the Sea.
Marmor, ŏris, Marble.
Ador, ŏris, Wheat.
Pecus, ŏris, Cattle.

3. Exception of Doubtfulls.

3. These Nouns are of the Doubtfull Gender, though they increase short in the Genitive case.

Cardo, dĭnis, the hinge of a Door.
Margo, ĭnis, a Margent.
Cinis, ĕneris, Ashes.
Obex, ĭcis, a Door-bolt.
Pulvis, ĕris, Dust.
Adeps, ĭpis, Fatnesse.
Forceps, cĭpis, a pair of Tongs.
Pumex, ĭcis, a Pumice stone.
Ramex, ĭcis, Burstnesse.
Anas, ătis, a Duck or a Drake.
Imbrex, brĭcis, a Gutter-tile.
Culex, ĭcis, a Gnat.

Yet these are most commonly used in the Masculine Gender.

Natrix

Natrix, ĭcis, a Water Serpent.
Onyx, ĭcis, the nail of a mans hand, with its compounds.
Silix, ĭcis, a flint stone.

4. Excep. of Commons.

1. These Nouns are of the Common of two Gender, though they increase short in the Genitive case, viz.

Vigil, ĭlis, a Watchman.
Pugil, ĭlis, a Champion.
Exul, ŭlis, a Banished man.
Præsul, ŭlis, a President.
Homo, ĭnis, a Man or woman.
Nemo, dat. némini, no body.
Martyr, yris, a Martyr.
Ligur, ŭris, a man of Liguria.
Augur, ŭris, a Soth sayer.
Arcas, ădis, one of Arcadia.
Antistes, ĭtis, a chief Ruler.
Miles, ĭtis, a Souldier.
Pedes, ĭtis, a Footman.
Interpres, ĕtis, an Interpreter.
Comes, ĭtis, a Companion.
Hospes, ĭtis, a Guest.
Ales, ĭtis, a great Fowl.
Præses, ĭdis, a President.
Princeps, ĭpis, a Prince.
Auceps, cŭpis, a Fowler.
Eques, quĭtis, a Horse-man.
Obses, sĭdis, a Pledge in War.

2. Many other Nouns which are derived of Verbs, are of the Common of two Gender, as,
Conjux, jŭgis, a Husband, or a Wife.

Judex

Judex, ĭcis, a **Judge.**
Vindex, ĭcis, a **Revenger.**
Opifex, fĭcis, a **Work-man.**
Aruſpex, pĭcis, a **Soothſayer.**

7. The Rules for the Genders of Adjectives.

1. R. **Adjectives that have but one termination alone are of the common of three Gender, as,**

N. Hic, hæc & hoc felix, **happy.**
G. Hujus felícis.

N. Hic, hæc & hoc audax, **bold.**
G. Hujus audácis.

2. R. **If an Adjective have two terminations, the firſt termination is of the common of two Gender, and the ſecond of the Neuter, as,**

N. Hic & hæc omnis, c. 2. & hoc omne, n. **All.**

3. R. **If a Noun Adjective have three divers endings, the firſt word ſhall be the Maſculine, the ſecond of the Feminine, and the third the Neuter Gender, as,**

Sacer, m. Sacra, f. Sacrum, n. **Holy.**

1. Obſer. **There are ſome Adjectives declined with two Articles like Subſtantives, yet in very deed are Adjectives, and are ſo uſed, ſuch are theſe,** viz.

Pauper, pĕris, **poor.**
Puber, ĕris, **of ripe age.**
Dégener, ĕris, **one that degenerateth.**
Uber, ĕris, **plentifull.**

Dives

Dives, ĭtis, **Rich.**
Lócuples, plétis, **Wealthy.**
Sospes, ĭtis, **Safe.**
Comes, ĭtis, **a Companion.**
Superstes, ĭtis, **one that over-liveth.**

Besides some others which you shall find as you read Authors.

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2. Obs. **These Adjectives will have a certain fashion of declining of their own,** id est, **they will have both three terminations, and three Articles,** viz.

Campester, **belonging to the field.**
Volucer, **swift of wing.**
Celeber, **famous.**
Celer, **swift of foot.**
Saluber, **wholesom.**
Pedester, **belonging to a foot-man.**
Equester, **belonging to a horse-man.**
Acer, **sharp or tart.**
Palustер, **belonging to a Fen.**
Alăcer, **cheerfull.**
Sylvester, **belonging to a Wood.**

Which may be declined thus:

N. Hic celer, m. hæc céleris, f. hoc célere, n.
or hic & hæc céleris, & hoc célere.
G. Hujus céleris.
D. Huic céleri.

N. Hic acer, hæc acris, hoc acre.
or hic & hæc acris, & hoc acre.
G. Hujus acris.
D. Huic acri, **and so the rest.**

A Synopsis of Propria quæ Maribus.

- Substantives
  - Proper
    - 1. *Masculines, as* Propria quæ, &c.
    - 2. *Feminines, as* Propria Pemineum, &c.
  - Common
    - 3. *General of*
      - *Trees, as* Appellativa, &c.
      - *Birds, Beasts, Fishes,* } *as* Sunt etiam, &c.
      - *Nouns in* um, *as* Omne quod.
    - *Special of Nouns*
      - 4 *Not increasing, as* Nomen in crescens, &c. *Whence are excepted*
        - *Masculines, as* Masculina nomina, &c.
        - *Neuters, as* Neutrum nomen, &c.
        - *Doubtfulls, as* Incertigeneris, &c.
        - *Commons, as* Compositum à verbo, &c.
      - 5. *Increasing long, as* Nomen crescentis, &c. *Whence are excepted*
        - *Masculines, as* Masculà dicuntur, &c.
        - *Neuters, as* Sunt neutralia, &c.
        - *Doubtfulls, as* Sunt dubia hæc, &c.
        - *Commons, as* Sunt commune, &c.
      - 6. *Increasing short, as* Nomen, &c. *Whence are excepted*
        - *Feminines, as* Feminei generis, &c.
        - *Neuters, as* Est Nutrale genus, &c.
        - *Doubtfulls, as* Sunt dubii generis, &c.
        - *Common, as* Communis generis, &c.
- Adjectives
  - Regular
    - *Of three Articles, and*
      - *One termination, as* Adjectiva, &c.
      - *Two terminations, as* Sub geminâ si &c.
      - *Of three terminations, as* At si tres variant, &c.
  - Irregular
    - *Of two Articles only, as* At sunt quæ sexu, &c.
    - *Of three Terminations, and three Articles, as* Hæc proprium, &c.

Propria quæ marib. contains in it the Rules to know the Genders of Nouns

An *Index* of the Nouns in *Propria quæ Maribus.*

Shewing a young Learner how to Decline them; with Figures also directing to the Page, wherein to find the Rule of their Gender.

A

Abyssus, si, f. *a bottomlesse Pit* 7
Acarnan, ánis, m. *One of* Acarnania *in* Greece 11
Acer, ĕris, n. *a Maple-tree* 3
Acer, m. acris, f. acre, n. is, vel acris, c. 2. acre, n. is, *sharp* 21
Acus, ûs, f. *a Needle* 6
Adamas, antis, m. *a Diamond* 13
Adeps, ĭpis, d. g. *Fatnesse* 18
Adolescens, tis, c. 2. *a Young-man* 15
Ador, ŏris, n. *Wheat* 18
Advena, æ, c. 2. *a Stranger* 9
Æquor, ŏris, n. *the Sea* 18
Æs, æris, n. *Brasse* 13
Affinis, is, c. 2. *a Kinsman by Marriage* 9
Agragas, gantis, m. *a Town in* Sicily *now called* Gergenti 2
Agricola, æ, c. 2 *a Husbandman* 9
Alacer, m. cris, f. cre. n. cris, vel alacris, c. 2. cre, n. *Cheerfull* 21

Ales, ĭtis. c. 2. *a great Bird* 19
Almus, ni, f. *an Alder-tree* 2
Alvus, vi, f. *the paunch* 6
Amazon, ŏnis, f. *a war-like Woman* 16
Amnis, is, d. g. *a River* 8
Anas, ătis, d. g. *a Duck or a Drake* 18
Anguis, is, d. g. *a Snake* 8
Anna, æ, f. *Anne* 1
Annus, ni, m. *a Year* 6
Antidŏtus, ti, f. *an Antidote* 7
Antiſtes, ĭtis, c. 2. *a Preſident* 19
Anus, ûs, *an old Woman* 7
Anxur, ŭris, m. & n. *a Town in* Italy, *now called* Terracine 2
Apollo, lĭnis, m. *the feigned God of Wiſedom* 1
Appendix, ĭcis, f. *an Addition* 17
Aqualis, is, m. *an Ewer* 4
Arbor, ŏris, f. *a Tree* 13
Arcas, ădis, c. 2. *One of* Arcadia 19
Arctus, ûs, f. Charles-*wain* 7
Argus, gi, n. pl. hi argi, orum. m. *a Town in* Greece *now called* Argo 2
Aruſpex, ĭcis, *a Sooth-ſayer* 20
As, aſſis, m. *a pound* 10
Aſſecla, æ, m. *a Page* 4
Athleta, æ, m. } *a Wreſtler* 5
Athletes, æ, m. }
Atŏmus, mi, d. g. *a Mote in the Sun* 8
Auceps, cŭpis, c. 2. *a Fowler* 19
Audax, ácis, c. 3. *Bold* 20
Augur, ŭris, *a Sooth-ſayer* 19
Auriga, æ, c. 2. *a Wagoner* 9
Auſter, ſtri, m. *the South-wind* 1
Axis, is, m. *an Axle-tree* 6

B

BAcchar, ăris, f. *an Herb called Lady-gloves, or Clowns-Spikenard* 16
Bacchus, chi, m. *the feigned God of Wine* 1
Barbiton, ti, n. *a Lute* 7
Bes, beſſis, m. *eight Ounces* 11
Bidens, tis, m. *a two-grained fork* 12
Bifrons, tis, c. 2. *One that hath two fore-heads* 15
Bombyx, ycis, m *a Silk-worm* 13
Bos, bovis, c. 2. *an Oxe*, Plur. N. boves, G. boum, D. bobus vel bubus, &c 15
Britannia, æ, f. *Britain* 2
Bubo, bónis, d. g. *an Owl* 14
Byſſus, ſi, f. *fine Flax* 7

C

CAcoëthes, is, n. *an evil cuſtome* 6
Cadaver, ĕris, n. *a Carkaſſe* 17
Callis, is, m. *a Path* 5
Calx, cis, d. g. *an Heel* 14
Campeſtĕr, m. ſtris, f. ſtre, n. vel ſtris, c. 2. ſtre, n. *Champian* 21
Canalis, is, d.g. *a Channel* 8
Canis, is, c. 2. *a Dog or a Bitch* 9
Capital, ális, n. *a Quoif* 14
Capra, æ, f. *a Shee-goat* 4
Car, caris, m. *a man of* Caria 10
Cardo, ĭnis, d.g. *the hinge of a door* 18
Carex, ĭcis, f. *Sedge* 17
Caro, carnis, f. *Fleſh* 4
Caſſis, is, m. *a Net* 6
Caſſis, ĭdis, f. *an Helmet*, Acc. { Caſſidem / Caſſida } 16

Cato, ónis, m. *The name of a wise Roman* 1
Caulis, is, m. *a Stalk* 5
Cedrus, dri, f. *a Cedar-tree* 2
Celeber, m. bris, f. bre, n. vel bris, c. 2. bre, n. *Famous* 21
Celer, m. ris, f. re, n. vel ris, c. 2 re. n. *Swift* 21
Centussis, is, m. *An hundred pound weight* 5
Cetus, ti, m. *a Whale*, pl. ceti, orum, m. *and* cete, n. indecl. *whales* 3
Cicer, ĕris, n. *a Vetch* 18
Cinis, ĕris, m. *Ashes* 18
Civis, is, c. 2. *a Citizen* 9
Clunis, is, d. g. *a Buttock* 8
Collis, is, m. *a little Hill* 5
Colus, li, & lûs, f. *a Distaffe* 6
Comes, ĭtis, c. 2. *a Companion* 19
Compago, ĭnis, f. *a Joint* 16
Compes, pĕdis, f. *a Fetter* 16
Conditor, óris, m. *a Builder* 12
Conjux, jŭgis, c. 2. *a Husband or Wife* 19
Cor, dis, n. *a Heart* 13
Corbis, is, d. g. *a Basket* 8
Costus, i, f. *the Herb Ale-coast* 7
Coxendix, ĭcis, f. *a Hip.*
Crater, éris, m. *a Cup*, Acc. { Craterem / Cratera } 12
Cres, tis, m. *One of* Crete *or* Candy. 11
Creta, æ, f. *the Island* Crete *or* Candy 2
Crinis, is, m. *a Hair* 6
Crus, cruris, n. *a Leg* 14
Crystallus, li, f. *Chrystal* 7
Culex, ĭcis, d. g. *a Gnat* 18
Cupressus, si, f. *a Cypress tree* 2
Curculio, ónis, m. *a Weesel* 11
Cures, étis, m. *One of Crete* 12
Cuspis, ĭdis, f. *the point of a Weapon* 16

Cuſtos, ódis, c. 2. *a Keeper* 15
Cyprus, pri, f. *the Iſland* Cyprus 2

D

DAma, æ, d. g. *a Fallow Deer* 8
Delphin, inis, m. *a Dolphin* 11
Degener, ĕris, c. 2. *Out of kind* 20
Dens, tis, m. *a Tooth* 11
Dies, ĕi, d. g. pl. dies, érum, *a Day* 14
Dives, ĭtis, c. 2 *Rich* 21
Diphthongus, gi, f. *a Diphthong* 7
Dodrans, antis, m. *Nine Ounces* 12
Domus, i, vel ûs, f. *a Houſe*, Dat. Domo vel ŭi, Acc. um, Voc. ûs, Abl. u. pl. n. us, Gen. orum vel uum, Dat. ibus, Acc. os vel us, Voc. us, Abl. ibus 6
Dulcedo, dĭnis, f. *Sweetneſſe* 18
Dux, ducis, c. 2. *a Guide* 15

E

EBoracum, ci, n. *York* 3
Elephas, antis, m. *an Elephant* 12
Elis, ĭdis, f. *a City in Greece* 2
Enſis, is, m. *a Sword* 5
Eques, ĭtis, c. 2. *a Horſeman* 19
Equeſter, m. ſtris, f. ſtre, n. vel ſtris, c. 2. ſtre, n. *Belonging to a Horſe-man* 21
Erémus, mi, f. *a Wilderneſſe* 7
Exlex, légis, c. 2. *a Lawleſſe body* 15
Extorris, is, c. 2. *a Baniſhed perſon* 9
Exſul, ŭlis, c. 2. *a Baniſhed perſon* 19

F

FAr, farris, n. *Bread-corn* 13
Fas, n. indecl. *Right* 4
Faſcis, is, m. *a Fagot* 6
Fel, fellis, n. *Gall* 13
Felix, ícis, c. 3. *Happy* 20
Ficus, ci, & ûs, f. *a Fig, or a Fig-tree* 6
Ficus, ci, d. g. *the Piles in the Fundament* 8
Fides, ĕi, f. *Faith* 16
Filix, ĭcis, f. *Fern or Braken* 17
Finis, is, d. g. *an End* 8
Flos, floris, m. *a Flower* 11
Follis, lis, m. *a pair of Bellows* 5
Fons, tis, m. *a Fountain* 11
Forceps, cĭpis, d. g. *a pair of Tongs* 18
Forfex, fĭcis, f. *a pair of Shears* 17
Funis, is, m. *a Rope* 5
Fur, furis, c. 2. *a Thief* 15
Furfur, ŭris, m. *Bran* 17
Fuſtis, is, m. *a Club* 5

G

GAramas, antis, m. *one of* Garamantia *in* Affrick 12
Gingiber, ĕris, n. *Ginger* 18
Glis, gliris, m. *a Dormouſe* 11
Gorgon, ŏnis, f. *one of* Phorcus *Daughters, a terrible Woman* 16
Græcia, æ, f. *Greece* 2
Grajúgena, æ, c. 2. *a Grecian born* 9
Grando, ĭnis, f. *Hail* 16
Grex, gregis, m. *a Flock* 11
Groſſus, ſi, d. g. *a green Fig* 8
Grus, uis, d. g. *a Crane* 14

Gryps

Gryps, gryphis, m. *a Gryffon* 11
Gigas, antis, m. *a Giant* 12

H

HAlcyonis, is, d. g. *a Kings-fisher* 8
Hæres, ĕdis, c. 2. *an Heir* 15
Halec, ĕcis, f. & n. *a Herring*, plur. haleces f. 14
Heros, ŏis, m. *a Nobleman* 12
Hirundo, dĭnis, f. *a Swallow* 3
Hiſtrix, ĭcis, f. *a Porcupike* 17
Hippomanes, is, m. *Mare-poiſon* 8
Homo, ĭnis, c. 2. *a Man* 19
Hoſpes, ĭtis, c. 2. *an Hoſt or Gueſt* 19
Hoſtis, is, c. 2. *an Enemy* 9
Humus, mi, f. *the Ground* 6
Hydrops, ŏpis, m. *the Dropſie* 13
Hyems, ĕmis, f. *Winter* 16

I

JAſpis, ĭdis, f. *a Jaſper-ſtone* 16
Icon, ŏnis, f. *an Image* 16
Idus, uum, f. *the Ides of a Moneth* 7
Jecur, jecŏris, & jecinoris, n. *the Liver* 17
Ignis, is, m. *Fire* 6
Illex, légis, c 2. *a Lawleſſe body* 15
Imbrex, ĭcis, d. g. *a Gutter-tile* 18
Infans, tis, c. 2. *an Infant* 15
Interpres, ĕtis, *an Interpreter* 19
Iter, itineris, n. *a Journey* 17
Jubar, ăris, n. *the Suns-beam* 17

Judex, ĭcis, c. 2. *a Judge* 18
Juno, ónis, f. *the feigned Goddesse* Juno 3
Jus, juris, n. *Right* 14
Juvenis, is, c. 2. *a Young man* 9

L

LAc, lactis, n. *Milk* 13
Lampas, ădis, f. *a Lamp* 16
Laniſta, æ, m. *a Fencing Maſter* 5
Laquear, áris, n. *a vaulted roof* 14
Laſer, ĕris, n. *the Herb Benzoin* 18
Lebes, étis, m. *a Cauldron* 12
Lecythus, thi, d. g. *an Oyl-glaſſe* 8
Leo, ónis, m. *a Lyon* 11
Lichen, énis, m. *the Herb* Liverwort, *or* Hepatica 11
Lienis, is, m. *the Milt* 5
Ligur, ŭris, c. 2. *One of* Liguria 19
Limax, ácis, d. g. *a Snail* 14
Linter, tris, d. g. *a Cockboat* 8
Lixa, æ, m. *a Scullion* 5
Locuples, ĕtis, c. 2. *Wealthy* 21
Logos, gi, m. *a Word* 6
Londinum, ni, n. *London* 3
Lybs, bis, m. *The Weſt-South-weſt wind* 1
Lynx, cis, d. g. *an Ounce.* 14

M

MAlum, li, n. *an Apple* 3
Magnes, étis, m. *a Load-ſtone* 12
Manus, ûs, f. *a Hand* 7
Margo, ĭnis, d. g. *a Margent* 18
Mare, is, n. *the Sea* 7

Marmor, ŏris, n. *Marble* 16
Mars, tis, m. *the feigned God of VVar* 1
Martyr, yris, c. 2. *a Martyr* 19
Mas, maris, m. *a Male* 21
Mater, tris, f. *a Mother* 6
Mel, mellis, n. *Honey* 13
Menſis, is, m. *a Moneth* 5
Meridies, ēi, m. *Noon* 12
Miles, ĭtis, c. 2. *a Souldier* 19
Mons, tis, m. *a Mountain* 11
Mos, moris, m. *a Manner.* 11
Mulier, ĭeris, f. *a VVoman* 13
Mus, muris, m. *a Mouſe* 11

N

NAtalis, is, m. *a Birth-day* 5
Natrix, ĭcis, d. g. *a VVater-Snake* 19
Nefrens, tis, or dis, m. *a Shoat or Pig* 18
Nemo, Gen. caret. Dat. nemini, Acc. em, Voc. caret. Abl. nemine, Plur. caret 16
Notus, ti, m. *the South-wind.* 1
Nubes, is, f. *a Cloud* 4
Nurus, ri, f. *a Daughter in Law* 6
Nyctĭcorax, ăcis, m. *a Night Raven* 13

O

OBex, ĭcis, d. g. *a Door-bolt* 18
Obſes, ĭdis, c. 2. *an Hoſtage* 19
Occiput, ĭtis, n. *the hinder part of the head* 17
October, bris, m. *the month October* 1
Oleaſter, ſtri, m. *a wild Olive-tree* 3
Omen, ĭnis, n. *Luck* 17

Omnis, e, c. 3. *All* 20
Onus, ĕris, n. *a Burden* 17
Onyx, ycis, d. g. *an Onyx-ſtone* 19
Opifex, ĭcis, c. 2. *a Workman* 20
Opus, opuntis, *the City Opus* 2
Orbis, is, m. *a Round thing* 5
Oriens, entis, m. *the Eaſt* 12
Orontes, is. m. *the River Orontes* 1
Oſtrea, æ. f. *an Oyſter.* 3
Os, oſſis. n. *a Bone.* 13
Os, oris. n. *a Mouth.* 13
Ovum, vi. n. *an Egg.* 7

P

PAluſter, m. paluſtris, f. paluſtre, n. vel paluſtris, c. 2. ſtre, n. *Fenny* 21
Pampinus, ni, d. g. *A vine leaf* 8
Panis, is, m. *Bread* 6
Papaver, ĕris. n. *Poppie* 18
Papyrus, ri. f. *Paper* 7
Paradiſus, ſi. d. g. *Paradiſe* 8
Parens, entis. c. 2. *a Parent* 15
Paſſer, ĕris. m *a Sparrow* 3
Patruélis, is. c. 2. *a Brothers Childe* 9
Pauper, ĕris, c. 2. *a poor man* 20
Pecus, ŭdis, f. *ſmall Cattle* 16
Pecus, ŏris, n. *great Cattle* 18
Pecten, ĭnis. m. *a Comb* 17
Pedes, ĭtis. c. 2. *a Footman* 19
Pedeſter, m. pedeſtris, f. ſtre, n. vel pedeſtris, c. 2. ſtre. n. *Belonging to Foot-men* 21
Pelagus, gi. n. Pl. caret, *the Sea* 8
Pellex, icis. f. *an Harlot* 17
Penis, is. m. *a mans Yard* 6

Penus, i, vel ûs, d. g. *all manner of Victuals* 8
Perduellis, is, c. 2. *a Traitor* 9
Perdix, cis, d. g. *a Partridge* 14
Perſis, ĭdis, f. *the country* Perſia 2
Pes, pedis, m. *a Foot* 11
Pharus, ri, d. g. *a Watch-tower* 8
Phasélus, li, d. g. *a Barge* 8
Philotis, idis, f. *a Womans name* 12
Phœnix, icis, f. *a Phœnix* 13
Phryx, gis, m. *a Phrygian* 11
Pietas, ătis, f. *Godlineſſe* 10
Piper, ĕris, n. *Pepper* 18
Piſcis, is, m. *a Fiſh* 6
Pons, tis, m. *a Bridge* 11
Porticus, ûs, m. *a Gallery* 6
Poſtis, is, m. *a Poſt* 6
Puber, ĕris, d. g. *of ripe Age* 20
Pugil, ĭlis, c. 2. *a Champion* 19
Pulvis, ĕris, d. g. *Duſt* 12
Pumex, ĭcis, d. g. *a Pumice-ſtone* 18
Pus, puris, n. *Filth or Matter* 14
Præs, prædis, m. *a Surety* 11
Præſes, ĭdis, c. 2. *a Preſident* 19
Præſul, ŭlis, c. 2. *a Prelate* 19
Prænesſte, is, n. *a Town in* Italy *now called* Paliſtrina 2
Princeps, cĭpis, c. 2. *a Prince* 19
Problema, ătis, n. *a hard queſtion* 17
Python, ónis, d. g. *One poſſeſſed with a Prophecying Spirit* 14

R

Rabula, æ, m. *a Brawler* 5
Ramex, écis, d. g. *Buſtenneſſe* 18
Reſtis, is, m. *a Rope* 8
Rete, is, n. *a Net* 7
Ren, renis, m. *a Kidney* 10
Rex, regis, m. *a King* 10
Robur, ŏris, m. *an Oak* 3
Ros, roris, m. *the Dew* 11
Rudens, tis, d. g. *a Cable* 14
Rus, ruris, n. *the Country* 13

S

Sacer, cra, crum, *Holy* 20
Sacerdos, ótis, c. 2. *a Prieſt or Nun* 15
Sal, Salis, m. *Salt* 10
Sáluber, m. ſalubris, f. ſalubre, n. ſalubris, c. 2. ſalubre, n. *wholeſom* 21
Samnis, ítis, m. *a Samnite* 13
Sanguis, ĭnis, m. *Blood* 15
Saphyrus, ri, f. *a Saphyre-ſtone* 7
Satrapa, æ, m. } *a Peer or Nobleman* 5
Satrapas, æ, m. }
Scriba, æ, m. *a Scribe* 4
Scrobs, óbis, d. g. *a Ditch* 14
Scurra, ræ, m. *a Scoffer.* 4
Seges, ĕtis, f. *Standing-Corn* 16
Semis, iſſis, m. *half a pound* 12
Senex, is, c. 2. *an old Man or Woman* 9
Senio, ónis, m. *the Size point* 11
Sentis, is, m. *a Thorn* 6

Seps, is, m. *a Serpent* 11
Ser, ſeris, m. *One of the Seres* 10
Sermo, ónis, m. *a Speech* 12
Serpens, tis, d. g. *a Serpent.* 14
Siler, ĕris, n. *an Oſier* 3
Silix, ĭcis, d. g. *a Flint-ſtone* 19
Siſer, ĕris, m. *a Parſnip* 18
Socrus, cri, f. *a Mother-in-law* 6
Sodalis, is, c. 2. *a Companion* 9
Sol, ſolis, m. *the Sun* 10
Soror, óris, f. *a ſiſter* 13
Soſpes, ĭtis, c. 2. *Safe* 21
Specus, ci, & cûs, d. g. *a Den* 8
Spinus, ni, m. *a Sloe-tree* 3
Splen, énis, m. *the Spleen* 10
Stirps, pis, d. g. *a ſtump or ſtock of a Tree* 11
Suber, ĕris, n *Cork* 18
Sulmo, ónis, m. *a Town in* Italy *now called* Sulmóna, *or* Sermona 2
Supellex, lectĭlis, f. plur. ſupellectilia, n. *Houſhold-ſtuff* 17
Superſtes, ſtĭtis, c. 2. *One that over-liveth* 21
Sus, ſuis, c. 2. *a Swine* 15
Syndon, dŏnis, f. *Fine Linnen* 16
Synodus, di, f. *an Aſſembly* 7
Sylveſter, m. ſtris, f. ſtre, n. vel ſylveſtris, c. 2. ſtre n. *belonging to a Wood* 21
Syren, énis, f. *a Mermaid* 12

T

TAlpa, æ, d. g. *a Mole* 8
Tapes, étis, m. *Tapiſtry* 12
Teges, ĭtis, f. *a Mat* 16
Ternio, onis, m. *a Trey-point* 12
Teſtis, is, c. 2. *a Witneſſe* 9

Thorax, ácis, m. *a Doublet* 13
Thrax, thracis, m. *a Thracian* 11
Thus, thuris, n. *Frankincense* 14
Tibur, ŭris, n. *a Town in* Italy *now called* Tivoli 2
Torquis, is, d. g. *a Neck-lace* 8
Torrens, tis, m. *a Brook* 12
Torris, is, m. *a Fire-brand* 6
Tribus, ûs, f. *a Stock or Kindred* 6
Tros, trois, m. *a Trojan* 11
Tuber, ĕris, m. *a Toad-stool* 18
Tybris, is, m. *the River* Tyber 1
Tygris, idis, f. *a Tygre* 3

V

VAnnus, ni, f. *a Van to winnow corn with* 7
Vas, vadis, m. *a Surety* 10
Vas, vasis, n. *a Vessel* 13
Vates, tis, c. 2. *a Prophet* 9
Uber, ĕris, n. *a Dug, or Udder* 18
Uber, ĕris, c. 2. *Plentifull* 20
Vectis, is, m. *a Bar* 6
Venter, tris, m. *the Belly* 6
Venus, ĕris, f. *the feigned Goddess of Beauty* 1
Ver, veris, n. *the Spring* 13
Verber, ĕris, n. *a Stroke* 17
Vermis, is, m. *a worm* 6
Verna, æ, c. 2. *a Slave* 9
Verres, ris, m. *a Bore-pig* 5
Vervex, écis, m. *a Wether* 13
Vigil, ĭlis, c. 2. *a watch-man* 19
Vindex, ĭcis, c. 2. *a Revenger* 20
Vir, viri, m. *a Man* 10
Virgilius, lii, m. Virgil, *a famous Poet* 1
Virgo, ĭnis, f. *a Maid* 16

Virtus, tútis, f. *Virtue* 10
Virus, ri, Aec. virus, n. *Poyſon*, plur. caret 8
Unguis, is, m. *a Mans Nail* 6
Volucer, m. cris, f. cre, n. vel volucris, c. 2. cre, n. *Swift* 21
Vulgus, gi, m. & n. *the common people* 8
Vulpes, is, f. *a Fox* 3
Uxor, óris, f. *a wife* 13

Qua

Quæ Genus Explained.

These Nouns are called Heteroclits,

which either { 1. **Change their Gender or Declension.**
2. **Want some Case or Number.**
3. **Have over-much in declining.**

1. Of Nouns that do change their Gender and Declension.

1. **These Nouns are of the Feminine Gender in the singular Number, and of the Neuter in the Plural,** viz.

Pérgamus, mi, f. **the City Pergamus.**	Plural.	Pérgama, órum, n.
Supellex, & ĭlis, f. **houshold-stuff.**		Supellectília, ium.

2. **These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender in the singular Number. and of the Masculine and Neuter in the Plural,** viz.

Rastrum, tri, **a Rake.**	Pluraliter	Rastri & rastra,	órum.
Frænum, ni, **a Bridle.**		Fræni & fræna,	
Filum, li, **a Thread.**		Fili & fila,	
Capistrum, tri, **an head-stall.**		Capistri & capistra,	

3. **These**

3. **These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender in the singular Number, and of the Masculine only in the plural,** viz.

Cœlum, li, **Heaven.**	Plural.	Cœli, órum.
Argos, gi, **the City** Argos.		Argi, órum.

4. **These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender in the singular Number, and of the Feminine in the plural,** viz.

Nundinum, ni,	Plural.	Nundinæ, árum, a **Fair.**
Epulum, li,		Epulæ, árum, a **Banquet.**
* Balneum, ëi,		Balneæ, árum, **Baths.**

* *Though* Iuvenal *hath* Balnea, órum, *in the plural number.*

5. **These Nouns are of the Masculine Gender in the singular number, and of the Neuter in the Plural.**

* Mænalus, li, **the hill** Mænalus,	Pluraliter	Mænala,	* *These are names of places.*
Dyndimus, mi, **the hill** Dyndimus		Dyndima	
Ismărus, ri, **the hill** Ismarus,		Ismăra,	
Tártarus, ri, **Hell,**		Tártara,	
Taygetus, ti, **the hill** Taygetus,		Taygeta,	órum.
Tænarus, ri, **the Cape** Tænarus,		Tænara,	
Massicus, ci, **the hill** Massicus,		Massica,	
Gargarus, ri, **the top of** Ida,		Gargara	

6. **These Nouns are of the Masculine Gender in the singular number, and of both Masculine and Neuter in the plural,** viz.

Sibilus, li, **hissing,**	Pluraliter	Sibili & la,	órum;
Jocus, ci, a **Jest.**		Joci & ca,	
Locus, ci, a **Place.**		Loci & ca,	
Avernus, ni, **the Lake** Avernus.		Averni & na	

2. Of Nouns that want either Case or Number.

1. **Those Nouns are called** Aptots, **which change no case, as,**

Nom.		Genit.	
Fas,		Fas,	**Right.**
Nil,		Nil,	**Nothing.**
Nihil,		Nihil,	
Instar,		Instar,	**Like.**

2. **Which end in** u. i. | **as** Cornu, **a Horn.** Genu, **a Knee.** Gummi, **Gumme.** Frugi, **Thrift.**

3. **These are also** Aptots, viz.

Plur. Hi, hæ & hæc — Hæc Tempe, **pleasant Woods and Meadows in** (Thessaly. Tot, **so many.** Quot, **how many.**

4. **All Nouns of Number from three to a hundred, are called** Aptots, **as,**

Pl. Hi, hæ & hæc — Quatuor, **four.** Decem, **ten.** Quadraginta, **forty.**

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2. **These Nouns are called** Monoptots, **which have but one case only, as,**

Abl. hoc — Noctu, **by Night.** Natu, **by Birth.** Jussu, **by Bidding.** Injussu, **without Bidding.** Astu, **by Craft.** Pl. Acc. Astus. Promptu, **by Speed.** Permissu, **by Sufference.**

Acc.

3. Those Nouns are called Diptots, which have only two Cases, as,

N. Abl.	Fors, Forte,	Chance. 3. d. f. g.
G. Abl.	Spontis, Sponte,	of his own accord. 3. d. f.
N. G.	Plus, Pluris,	more. 3. d. c. 3.
G. Abl.	Repetundarum, Repetundis.	Bribery. f.
G. Abl.	Júgeris, Júgere,	an Acre. m.
G.* Abl.	Vérberis, Vérbere,	a stripe. n.
N. Acc.	Suppetiæ, Suppetias,	Aid. f.
N. G.	Tantundem Tantidem,	so much. n.
G. Abl.	Impĕtis, Impĕte,	Violence. m.
Acc. Abl.	Vicem, Vice,	a course or turn.

* Verber ă read.

whereof only these four Vérberis, Vicem, Plus, and Júgere, have the whole Plural Number.

4. Those Nouns are called Triptots, which have three Cases only, as,

G. Acc. Abl.	Precis, Precem, Prece,	Prayer. f.
G. Acc. Abl.	Opis, Opem, Ope,	Help. f.

* The Dative Case Preci is read in Terence.

5. These two Nouns Frugis, f. Corn.
And * Ditionis, f. of a Citie
Seem to want the Nominative case.
* For Fruges and Ditio are in use.

---

6. This Noun Vis, f. force, wants only the Dative case singular.

7. These kinds of Nouns want the Vocative case.

1. Relatives, as,
Qui, m. quæ, f. quod, n. which.

2. Interrogatives, as,
Ecquis, m. ecquæ or ecqua, f. ecquid, n. who.

3. Distributives, as,
Nullus, a, um, None.
Neuter, tra, trum. Neither.
Omnis, ne. All.

4. Indefinites, as,
Quilibet, quælibet, quodlibet, any one.
Alter, tera, trum, another.

5. All Pronouns, except these four,
Noster, tra, trum, Our.
Nostras, c. 3. of our countrey.
Meus, a, um, Mine.
Tu, Thou.

---

8. First, all proper Names that signifie only one thing, do want the Plural Number, as,

Mars, tis, m. the God Mars.
Cato, ónis, m. the Man Cato.
Gallia, æ, f. France.
Roma, æ, f. Rome.
Ida, æ, m. the Hill Ida.
Tagus, gi, m. the River Taio in Spain.
Lælaps, lăpis, m. the Dog Tempest.
Pernassus, si, m. the Hill Pernassus.

Bucephalus

Bucéphalus, li, m. the Horse Bucephalus.

2. These kind of Common Names want also the Plural Number.

1. Of things given by weight, as,
Piper, ĕris, n. Pepper.
Sáccharum, ri, n. Sugar.

2. Of Herbs, as,
Absynthium, thii, n. Wormwood.
Salvia, iæ, f. Sage.

3. Of moist things, as,
Xythum, thi, n. Ale.
Cervisia, iæ, f. Beer.

4. Of Metals, as,
Aurum, ri, n. Gold.
Argentum, ti, n Silver.

9. These Nouns of the Neuter Gender, have only the Nominative, Accusative, and Vocative Cases in the plural number, viz.

Hórdunm, ei, Barley.
Far, farris, Bread-corn.
Forum, ri, the Market.
Mel, mellis, Honey.
Mulsum, si, Wine mingled with Honey.
Défrutum, ti, Wine sodden to the half.
Thus, thúris, Frankincense.

10. These Nouns of the Masculine Gender want the Plural number, viz.

Hésperus, pĕri, the Evening-star.
Vesper, ĕri, the Evening.
Pontus, ti, the Sea.
Limus, mi, Mud.

* Nemo *wants the Genit. and Voc. cases, and plural number.*

Fimus, mi, Dung.
Penus, ni, & nûs, d. g. provision for Victual.
Sanguis, guĭnis, Blood.
Æther, ĕris, the Sky.
* Nemo, dat. nemini, c. 2. no body.

---

11. These Nouns of the Feminine Gender do want the Plural number, viz.

Pubes, is, Ripe age.
Salus, lútis, Health.
Tálio, ónis, Like for like.
Indŏles, lis, towardliness.
Tussis, is, Acc. Tussim, the Cough.
Pix, icis, Pitch.
Humus, mi, the Ground.
Lues, is, the Murrain.
Sitis, is, Thirst.
Fuga, æ, Flight.
Quies, étis, Rest.
Chólera, æ, Choler.
Fames, is, Hunger.
Biles, is, Chaler.
Senecta, æ, Old age.
Juventus, útis, Youth.
Sóboles, is, an off-spring.
Labes, is, a Spot.

---

12. All Nouns of the fifth Declension will have only three like cases in the plural number, id est, the Nominative, Accusative, and Vocative, except

Res, ĕi, a thing.
Species, ĕi, a kind.
Facies, ĕi, a face.
Acies, ĕi, an edge.
Dies, ĕi, a day.

which nouns have the whole plural number.

13. There

13. **There are also many other Feminines which want the Plural Number, as these,**

Stultítia, tiæ, **Folly.**
Invidia, iæ, **Envy.**
Sapiéntia, iæ, **Wisedom.**
Desídia, iæ, **Sloth.**

And many others which you shall find in reading Authors.

14. **These Nouns of the Neuter Gender, want the Plural Number,** viz.

*Delicium *makes* deliciæ *in the plural number.*

* Delicium, cii, **a thing wherein we delight.**
Senium, nii, **Old age.**
Lethum, thi, **Death.**
Cœnum, i, **Dirt.**
Salum, li, **the Sea.**
Barathrum, thri, **Hell.**
Virus, invar. **Poyson.**
Vitrum, tri, **Glasse.**
Viscum, sci, **Bird-lime.**
Penum, ni, **Provision of Victuals.**
Justitium, tii, **the Vacation.**
Nihilum, li, **Nothing.**
Ver, veris, **the Spring.**
Lac, lactis, **Milk.**

* Haleces *is read of the Fem. Gender in the plural Number.*

Glúten, ĭnis, **Glue.**
* Halec, écis, **a Herring.**
Gelu, **Frost.**
Solium, lii, **a Throne.**
Jubar, ăris, **the Sun-beam.**

And if you find any such as these, as you read, you may put them in this Rule.

15. **These Nouns of the Masculine Gender, want the Singular Number.**

Manes, ium, **Spirits.**
Majóres, órum, **Ancestors.**
Cancelli, órum, **Lattices.**
Líberi, órum, **Children.**
Antes, tium, **the first rank of Vines.**
Menses, sium, **Womens Flowers.**
Lémures, rum, **Hob-goblins.**
Fasti, órum, **Registers.**
Minóres, órum, **Posterity.**
Natáles, lium, **the degree of blood.**
Penátes, tium, **Houshold-gods.**
Gabii, órum, } **People in Italy.**
Locri, órum, }

And many more besides these.

16. **These Nouns of the Feminine Gender want the singular Number,** viz.

Exúviæ, árum, **an Adders slough.**
Pháleræ, árum, **Horse-trappings.**
* *Nom. Acc. Voc. only.* * Grates, **Thanks.**
Manubiæ, árum, **Spoil.**
Idus, ŭum, **the Ides of a Moneth.**
Antiæ, árum, **Forelocks.**
Induciæ, árum, **Truce.**
Insidiæ, árum, **Wiles.**
Minæ, árum, **Threatning.**
Excubiæ, árum, **Watch and Ward.**
Nonæ, árum, **the Nones of a Moneth.**
Nugæ, árum, **Trifles.**
Tricæ, cárum, **Threads about Chickens feet.**
Calendæ, dárum, **the Calends of a Moneth.**

Quisquilie

Quiſquiliæ, arum, Sweepings.
Thermæ, árum, warm Baths.
Cunæ, árum, a Cradle.
Diræ, árum, Curſing.
Exéquiæ, árum, Funeral Rites.
Feriæ, árum, Holy-days.
Inferiæ, árum, Sacrifices for the dead.
Primitiæ, árum, firſt-fruits.
Plagæ, gárum, Hunters Nets.
Valvæ, árum, double-doors.
Diviriæ, árum, Riches.
Nuptiæ, árum, a wedding.
Lactes, ctium, the ſmall Guts.
Thebæ, árum, } Thebes,
Athenæ, árum, } the City Athens.

And many more names of places.

---

17. These Nouns of the Neuter Gender want the ſingular number, viz.

Mœnia, órum, walls of a City.
Teſqua, órum, craggy places.
Præcordia, órum, the Midriff.
Luſtra, órum, Dens.
Arma, órum, Weapons.
Mapália, órum, Sheads.
Bellária, órum, Juncates.
Munia, órum, Offices.
Caſtra, órum, Tents.
Juſta, órum, Sacrifices for the dead.
Sponsália, órum, a contract before marriage.
Roſtra, órum, a Pulpit.
Crepundia, órum, Battles.
Cunábula, órum, a Cradle.
Exta, órum, the Entrals.

Effáta,

Effáta, órum, **muttering Prayers.**
Bacchanália, ium, & órum, Bacchus **his Feaſt.**

3. Of Nouns which have overmuch.

1. **Theſe Nouns have divers Genders and Terminations,** viz.

Tonitrus, ûs, m. } **Thunder.**
Tonitru, indecl. n. }
Clypeus, ei, m. } **a Buckler.**
Clypeum, ei, n. }
Baculus, li, m. } **a Stake.**
Baculum, li, n. }
Senſus, ûs, m. } **a Senſe.**
Senſum, ſi, n. } **Senſe or Meaning.**
Tignus, ni, m. } **a Rafter.**
Tignum, ni, n. }
Tapétum, ti, n. }
Tapéte, tis, n. } **Tapeſtry.**
Tapes, étis. }
Punctus, ti, m. } **a Point.**
Punctum, ti, n. }
Sinápi, indecl. n. } **Muſtard.**
Sinapis, is, f. }
Sinus, ûs, m. } **a Milk-paile.**
Sinum, ni, n. }
Menda, æ, f. } **a Fault.**
Mendum, di, n. }
Viſcus, ci, m. } **Bird-lime.**
Viſcum, ci, n. }
Cornu, indecl. n. }
Cornum, ni, n. } **a Horn.**
Cornus, nûs, m. } **the Wing of an Army.**

Eventus

Eventus, tûs, m. } an Event,
Eventum, ti, n. } or chance.

And many such as these you shall find as you read Authors.

---

2. There are some Greek words which make a new Latine word in their Accusative case, as of

Panther, éris, m. a Panther	cometh	Panthéra,	&c.
Crater, éris, m. a Cup		Cratéra,	
Cassis, ĭdis, f. an Helmet		Cassĭda,	
Æther, ĕris, m. the skie		Æthĕra,	

---

3. These Nouns do change their Nominative case, but still keep the same Gender and signification, viz.

Gibbus, bi, m. } a Bunch,
Gibber, ĕris, m. } or Swelling in the back.
Cúcumis, is, m. } a Cucumber.
Cúcumer, ĕris, m. }
Stipis, is, f. } Hirelings wages.
Stips, pis, f. }
Cinis, ĕris, d. g. } Ashes.
Ciner, ĕris, d. g. }
Vomer, ĕris, m. } a Plough-share.
Vomis, ĕris, m. }
Scobis, is, f. } Saw-dust.
Scobs, bis, f. }
Pulvis, ĕris, d. g. } Dust.
Pulver, ĕris, d. g. }
Pubes, is, f. } Ripeness of Age.
Puber, ĕris, c. 2. }

To

To which you may add words that have both or and os, in the Nominative case, as,

Honor, óris, m. } Honour.
Hones, óris, m. }
Labor, óris, m. } Labour.
Labes, óris, m. }
Oder, óris, m. } a Sent.
Odos, óris, m. }

Also add to these.

Apes, is, f. } a Bee.
Apis, is, f. }
Plebs, is, f. } common People.
Plebes, ei, f. }

There are also many Nouns borrowed from the Greeks, which admit of a double manner of declining, as,

Delphin, ínis, m. } a Dolphin.
Delphínus, ni, m. }
Elephas, antis, m. } an Elephant.
Elephantus, ti, m. }
Congrus, gri, m. } a Conger,
Conger, gri, m. } or Sea-Eel.
* Meleágrus, gri, m. } * *These are names of men.*
Meleáger, gri, m. }
Teucrus, cri, }
Teucer, cri, }

And if you find any such, you may put them in this Rule.

---

4. These Nouns are of the second and fourth Declension, viz.

Laurus, ri, & rûs, f. a Bay-tree.

Quercus

Quercus, ci, & cûs, f. an Oak.
Pinus, ni, & nûs, f. a Pine-tree.
Ficus, ci, & cûs, f. a Fig-tree.
Colus, li, & lûs, f. a Diſtaffe.
Penus, ni, & nûs, d. g. Victuals.
Cornus, ni, & ûs, f. a Dog-tree.
Lacus, ci, & cûs, m. a Lake.
* Domus, mi, & mûs, f. a Houſe.

* Domus *hath not* me mu, *in the ſing. nor* mi mis, *in the pl. number.*

Though they be not found ſo in all Caſes, you may meet with a many ſuch as theſe.

---

5. There are alſo many Adjectives which have too much; but eſpecially thoſe which are derived of theſe Subſtantives, viz.

Arma, órum, Weapons.
Jugum, gi, the top of a Hill.
Nervus, vi, a Sinew.
Somnus, ni, Sleep.
Clivus, vi, a ſteep Bank.
Anĭmus, mi, the Mind.
Limus, mi, Mud.
Cera, æ, Wax.
Frœnum, ni, a Bridle.
Bacillum, li, a little Staffe.

which are either of three Terminations, or three Articles, as of

Arma cometh { Inermus, a, um, / and / Inermis, me. } unweaponed.

This word Hilarus, Merry, is very ſeldom read, but Hilaris is very common.

Hereroclites

A Synopsis of *Qua Genus*.

Heteroclites are either

1. *Variant*.
   - 1. *Feminines* in the Singular and *Neuters* in the Plural, at *Hæc Genus, &c.*
   - 2. *Neuters* in the Singular, and
     - *Masculines* and *Neuters* in the plural. at *Dat prior, &c.*
     - Only *Masculines* in the plural. at *Sed auds, &c.*
     - *Feminines* in the plural, at *Nundinum, &c.*
   - 3. *Masculines* in the Singular, and
     - *Neuters* in the plural, at *Hæc marsbus, &c.*
     - Both *Masculine* and *Neuter* in the plural. at *Numerus Genus, &c.*

2. *Defective*, which want either,
   - 1. Case.
     - 1. *Aptots*, at, *Quæ nullum, &c.*
     - 2. *Monoptots*, at *Estq; monoptoton, &c.*
     - 3. *Diptots* at, *Sunt Diptota, &c.*
     - 4. *Triptots*, at, *Tresquibus, &c*
     - 5. which want only the
       - Nom. & Voc. at, *At tantum, &c*
       - Dat. at *Integra vox, &c.*
       - Voc. at *Quæ referunt, &c.*
   - 1. Number and that either
     - 1. Plurall.
       - Proper Names, at, *Propria cum. &a, &c.*
       - Common Names of
         - Grain.
         - Things delivered by weight.
         - Hearbs.
         - Moist things

         at, *His frumenta, &c.*
       - *Masculines*, at, *Hesperus, &c.*
       - *Feminines*, at, *Singula Feminei generis, &c.*
       - *Neuters* at, *Nec licet his, &c.*
     - 2. Singular.
       - *Masculines*, at, *Masculasunt, &c.*
       - *Feminines*, at, *Hæc sunt, &c.*
       - *Neuters*, at, *Rarius hac, &c.*

3. *Redundant*, which have
   1. Divers Genders and Declensions, at, *Hæc quæst, &c.*
   2. Which make a new word of the Accusative case, at, *Sed tibi, &c.*
   3. Two Nominative cases, at, *Vertitur his, &c.*
   4. Two Declensions, at, *Hæc simul, &c.*
   5. Adjectives of three Terminations, and three Articles at, *Et qua luxuriant, &c.*

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C

Calendæ, arum, f. ſing. caret. *The Calends or firſt day of a Moneth* 4
Cancelli, lorum, m. ſing. caret. *Latices* 4
Capiſtrum, ſtri, n. capiſtri, orum, m. & capiſtra, orum, n. pl. *an Halter* 3
Caſſis, ĭdis, f. *an Helmet* 4
Caſſida, æ, f. *an Helmet* 4
Caſtra, órum, n. ſing. caret. *Tents* 4
Cato, Catónis, m. *Cato*, pl. caret. 3
Cera, æ, f. *Wax* 5
Cerviſia, æ, f. pl. caret. *Beer* 4
Cholera, æ, f. pl. *Choler*. 4
Cinis, ĕris, d. g. *Aſhes* 4
Ciner, ĕris, d. g. *Aſhes* 4
Clivus, vi, m. *a Cliff or pitch of an hill* 5
Clypeum, ĕi, m. *a Buckler* 4
Clypeus, ĕi, m. *a Buckler* 4
Cœlum, li, n. cœli, orum, m. pl. *Heaven* 3

Cœnum, ni, n. pl. caret. *Dirt* 45
Colus, li, & lûs, f. *a Distaffe* 51
Conger, gri, m. *a Conger or Sea-Eel* 50
Congrus, gri, m. *a Conger* 50
Cornu, n. indecl. *a Horn*, pl. cornua, uum, ibus, ua, ua, ibus 48
Cornum, ni, n. *a Horn* 48
Cornus, ûs, m. *the Wing of an Army* 48
Cornus, ni, & ûs, f. *a Dog-tree* 50
Crater, éris, m. *a Cup*, Acc. cratera & em 49
Cratera, æ, f. *a Cup* 49
Crepundia, orum, n. *Rattles* 47
Cunabula, orum, n. *a Cradle* 47
Cucumer, ĕris, m. *a Cucumber* 49
Cucumis, ĕris, m. *a Cucumber* 49
Cunæ, arum, f. *a Cradle* 47

D

DEcem, c. 3. indecl. pl. *Ten* 46
Defrutum, ti, n. pl. N. Ac. & V. defruta, *new Wine sodden till the third part be boiled away* 43
Delicium, ii, n. pl. deliciæ, arum, f. *a thing wherein one delighteth* 45
Delphin, inis, m. *a Dolphin* 50
Delphinus, ni, m. *a Dolphin* 50
Desidia, æ, f. pl. caret. *Sloth* 45
Dies, diéi, d. g. pl. Dies, erum, m. *a Day* 44
Dindymus, mi, m. pl. Dindyma, órum, n. *The top of the Hill* Ida, *neer* Troy 39
Diræ, árum, f. *Cursing* 47
Ditio, ónis, f. *a place of Jurisdiction* 42
Divitiæ, arum, f. *Riches* 47
Domus, i, & ûs (Dat. o, & üi, Ac. um, Voc. us. Abl. o. pl. N. us. G. orum & uum, D. ibus, Ac. os & us, V. us, Abl. ibus) f. *a House* 51

E

ECquis, quæ & qua, quid, *Who or What* 42
Effata, orum, n. *Diviners Prayers* 48
Elephas, antis, m. *an Elephant* 50
Elephantus, ti, m. *an Elephant* 50
Epulum, li, n. pl. Epulæ, arum, f. *a Banquet* 39
Eventus, tûs, m. *an event or chance* 49
Eventum, ti, n. *an Event or chance* 49
Excubiæ, arum, f. pl. *Watching* 46
Exequiæ, arum, f. pl. *Funeral Ceremonies* 47
Exuviæ, arum, f. pl. *Spoil taken from an enemy or a Beasts skin* 46

F

FAcies, ëi, f. *a Face* 44
Fames, is, f. *Hunger*, pl. caret 44
Far, farris, n. Pl. N. Ac. Voc. Farra, *Bread-corn* 48
Fas, indecl. n. *Right* 40
Fasti, orum, m. *Registers* 46
Feriæ, árum, f. pl. *Holy-daies* 47
Ficus, ci, & ûs, *a Fig-tree or a Fig* 51
Forum, ri, n. pl. N. Ac. V. Fora, *the Market* 43
Frænum, ni, n. pl. Fræni, orum, m. & Fræna, orum, n. *a Bridle* 38
Frugi, c. 3. indecl. *Thrift* 40
Fruges, gis, f. *Corn* 42
Fuga, æ, f. pl. caret. *Flight* 44
Filum, li, n. *Thred* 38
Fimus, mi, m. *Dung* 44
Fors, Abl. forte, f. *Chance* 41

G

GAbii, orum, m. Pl. *a Town in* Italy, *now called* Gallicano, *or* Gagorolo 47
Gallia, æ, f. *France* 42
Gargarus, ri, m. Pl. Gargara, orum, *The top of the Hill* Ida, *now called* Psiloriti 39
Gelu, n. indecl. *Frost* 45
Genu, n. indecl. *a Knee* 40
Gibbus, bi, m. *a Bunch or Swelling* 49
Gibber, ĕris, m. *a Bunch or Swelling* 49
Gluten, ĭnis, n. pl. caret. *Glue* 45
Grates, f. N. & Acc. pl. *Thanks* 46
Gummi, m. indecl. *Gum* 40

H

HAlec, écis, f. & n. pl. Haleces, *only* f. *a Herring* 45
Hesperus, ri, m. *The Evening Star*, pl. caret 43
Hilaris, re, c. 3. *Merry* 51
Hilarus, a, um, *Merry* 51
Honor, óris, m. *Honour* 50
Honos, oris, m. *Honour* 50
Hordeum, ĕi, n. pl. N. Ac. V. Hordea, *Barley* 43
Humus, mi, f. *the Ground* 44

I

IDa, æ, m. pl. caret. *The Hill* Ida *neer* Troy, *now called* Psiloriti 42
Idus, uum, f. pl. *the Ides of a Moneth* 46
Impetis, Gen. & impete, Abl. m. *of* Impes, *Force* 41

Indoles, lis, f. pl. caret. *Towardneſſe* 44
Induciæ, arum, f. *Truce* 46
Inermis, e, c. 3. *Unweaponed* 51
Inermus, a, um, *Unarmed* 51
Inferiæ, arum, f. *Sacrifices to infernal ſpirits* 47
Inficias, f. acc. pl. *Denial* 41
Inſidiæ, arum, f. *wiles* 46
Inſtar, n. indecl. *Like* 40
Injuſſu, m. abl. *onely, without bidding* 41
Invidia, æ, f. *Envy*, pl. caret 45
Jocus, ci, m. *a Jeſt*, pl. joci, orum, &, a, órum 39
Iſmarus, ri, m. & iſmara, órum, n. pl. *a Mountain in* Thrace 39
Jubar, ăris, n. *the Sun-beam*, pl. caret 45
Jugeris, gen. & jugere, abl. n. pl. jugera, *&c. an Acre* 41
Jugum, gi, n. *a Yoke* 51
Juſſu, m. abl. *onely by command* 40
Juſta, orum, n. *Funeral Rites* 47
Juſtitium, ii, n. *Vacation*, pl. caret 45
Juventus, útis, f. pl. caret. *Youth* 44

L

Labes, is, f. pl. n. acc. voc. labes, *a ſpot* 44
Labor, óris, m. *Labour* 50
Labos, óris, m. *Labour* 50
Lac, lactis, n. pl. caret. *Milk* 45
Lactes, ium, f. *the ſmall Guts* 47
Lacus, ûs, m. *a Lake* 51
Lælaps, ăpis, m. *Tempeſt, a Dogs name* 42
Laurus, ri & rûs, f. *a Bay-tree* 50
Lemures, rum, m. *Hob-goblins* 46
Lethum, thi, n. *Death* 45
Liberi, orum, m. *Children* 46
Limus, mi, m. pl. caret. *Mud* 51
Locus, ci, m. pl. loci, orum, m. & loca, orum, n. *a place* 39
Locri, orum, m. *a town in* Italy *now called* Geraſi 46
Luſtra, orum, n. *the Lodges or Dens of Wild beaſts* 47

M

Mænalus, li, m. pl. Mænala, orum, n. *an Hill in* Arcadia 39
Majores, rum, m. pl. *Anceſtors* 46
Manes, ium, m. pl. *Dead mens Ghoſts* 46
Manubiæ, arum, f. pl. *Spoils taken in War* 46
Mapalia, orum, n. pl. *Cottages* 57
Mars, tis, m. pl. caret. *the feigned God of War* 42
Maſſicus, ci, m. pl. maſſica, orum, n. *an hill in* Italy, *now called* Monte Marſo 39
Mel, mellis, n. *honey*, n. acc. voc. pl. mella 43
Meleager, gri, m. } Meleager, *the King of* Calydons }
Meleagrus, gri, m. } *ſon* } 50
Menſes, ium, m. pl. *Womens flowers* 46
Menda, æ, f. *a Fault* 48
Mendum, di, n. *a Fault* 48
Meus, a, um, *Mine* 42
Minæ, arum, f. pl. *threatnings* 46
Minores, um, m. pl. *Poſterity* 46
Mœnia, ium, n. pl. *the VValls of a town* 47
Mulſum, ſi, n. *Metheglin*, pl. n. acc. v. mulſa 43
Munia, orum, n, pl. *an Office* 47

N

Natales, ium, m. pl. *Ones ſtock or kindred* 46
Natu, abl. ſing. *by birth* 40
Nemo, gen. caret. dat. nemini, acc. em, voc. caret. abl. ine, c. 2. pl. caret. *no body* 44
Neuter, tra, um, gen. neutrius, *neither* 42
Nervus, vi, m. *a Sinew* 45
Nihilum, li, n. pl. caret. *Nothing* 45
Nihil, n. indecl. *Nothing* 40
Nil, n. indecl. *Nothing* 40
Noctu, abl. ſing. m. *by night* 40
Nonæ, arum, f. pl. *the Nones of a Moneth* 46

Noſtras, c. 2. & áte, n. gen. átis, *of our countrey* 42
Noſter, ra, rum, *Ours* 42
Nugæ, arum, f. *Trifles* 46
Nullus, la, lum, Gen. nullius, *None* 42
Nundinum, ni, n. Pl. nundinæ, arum, f. *a Fair* 39
Nuptiæ, arum, f. *a Marriage* 47

O

ODor, oris, m. *a Sent or Savour* 50
Odos, óris, m. *a Sent or Savour* 50
Omnis, c. 2. & omne, n. *All* 42
Opis, Gen. f. Acc. opem, Abl. ope, *Help* 41

P

PAnther, ĕris, m. *a Panther* 49
Panthera, æ, f. *a Panther* 49
Parnaſſus, ſi, m. pl. caret. *a Hill in* Achaia, *now called* Parnaſo 51
Penates, ium, m. pl. *Houſhold goods* 46
Penus, ni, & ûs, d. g. *All manner of Victuals*, pl. caret 51
Penum, ni, n. pl. caret. *All manner of Victuals* 45
Pergamus, mi, f. pl. Pergama, orum, n. *a Town neer* Troy, *now called* Pergamo 38
Permiſſu, Abl. Sing. *By Sufferance* 40
Phaleræ, arum, f. pl. *Horſe-trappings* 46
Pinus, ni, & nûs, f. *a Pine-tree* 51
Piper, ĕris, n. pl. caret. *Pepper* 43
Pix, picis, f. pl. caret. *Pitch* 44
Plagæ, arum, f. *Hunting Nets* 47
Plebs, bis, f.
Plebes, is, f. } *The common People* 50
Plus, plŭris, n. Pl. plures, c. 2. plura & pluria, n. *More* 41

Pontus,

Pontus, ti, m. *the Sea* 43
Precis, Gen. Precem, Acc. Prece, Abl. f. *Prayer* 41
Præcordia, orum, n. pl. *The Midriffe* 47
Primitiæ, arum, f. 47
Promptu, Abl. m. *in readineſſe* 40
Puber, ĕris, c. 2. *Ripe of age* 49
Pubes, is, f. *Ripeneſſe of age*, pl. caret 44
Pulvis, ĕris, d. g. } *Duſt* 49
Pulver, ĕris, d. g. }
Punctus, ĉti, m. *a Point* 48
Punctum, ĉti, n. *a Point* 48

Q

Quadraginta, c. 3. pl. indecl. *Forty* 40
Quatuor, c. 3. pl. indecl. *Four* 40
Quercus, ci, & ûs, f. *an Oak* 51
Qui, quæ, quod, *Who* or *which* 42
Quies, ĕtis, f. *Reſt*, pl. caret 44
Quilibet, quælibet, quodlibet, vel quidlibet, *Every one* 42
Quiſquiliæ, arum, f. *Sweepings* 47
Quot c. 3. pl. indecl. *How many* 40

R

Raſtrum, ſtri, n. pl. raſtri, orum, m. & raſtra, orum, n. *a Rake* 38
Res, rei, f. *a thing* 44
Repetundarum, Gen. repetundis, Abl. *of Bribery* 41
Roma, æ, f. *Rome* 42
Roſtra, orum, n. pl. *a Pulpit* 47

Salus, útis, f. *Health*, pl. caret 44
Sanguis, ĭnis, m. *Blood*, pl. caret 44
Sapientia, æ, f. *Wiſedom*, pl. caret 45
Scobs, } ſcobis, f. *Saw-duſt* 49
Scobis, }
Senecta, æ, f. *Old age*, pl. caret 44
Senium, ii, n. *Old age*, pl. caret 45
Senſus, ûs, m. *the Senſe* 48
Senſum, ſi, n. *the Meaning* 48
Sibilus, li, m. *a hiſſing*, pl. li. m. & la, n. 39
Sinapi, n. indecl. } *Muſtard* 48
Sinapis, is, f. }
Sinum, ni, n. } *a Milk-pail* 48
Sinus, ni, m. }
Sitis, is, f. pl. caret. *thirſt* 44
Soboles, is, f. *an Off-ſpring*, pl. Nom. Acc. & Voc. Soboles 44
Solium, lii, n. pl. caret 45
Somnus, ni, m. *Sleep* 51
Species, ēi, f. *a kind* 44
Spontis, gen. ſponte, abl. *of his own accord* 41
Sponſalia, orum, n. *Betrothing* 47
Stips, } is, *Wages* 49
Stipis, }
Stultitia, æ, f. *Folly*, pl. caret. 45
Suppetiæ, acc. ſuppetias, *Aid* 41
Supellex, lectilis, f. pl. ſupellectilia, *Houſhold-ſtuff* 38

T

TAgus, gi, m. pl. caret. *a River in* Spain *now called* Tayo 42
Talio, ónis, f. *Like for like* 44
Tapes, étis, m. } *Tapestry*
Tapéte, tis, n. } 48
Tapétum, ti, n. }
Tartarus, ri, m. pl. tartara, orum, n. *a River in* Italy *now called* Tartaro 39
Taygetus, ti, m. pl. Taygeta, orum, n. *a Hill in* Laconia 39
Tantundem, gen. tantidem, n. *As much* 41
Tænarus, ri, m. pl. tænara, orum, n. *a River in* Italy *now called* Tanaro 39
Teſqua, orum, n. *Rough places* 47
Teucer, cri, m. } Teucer, *a King of* Troy
Teucrus, cri, m. } 50
Thebæ, arum, f. *the City* Thebes 47
Thermæ, arum, f. *Warm baths* 47
Thus, thuris, n. *Frankincenſe* 43
Tignus, ni, m. *a Rafter* 48
Tignum, ni, n. *a Rafter* 48
Tonitrus, ûs, m. } *Thunder.*
Tonitru, n. } 48
Tot, c. 3. pl. indecl. *So many* 40
Tricæ, arum, f. *Triſles* 46
Tu, tui, *Thou* 42
Tuſſis, is, i, im, is, i, pl. caret, *the Cough* 44

V

VAlvæ, arum, f. *Folding-doors* 47
Ver, veris, n. *the Spring* 45

Verberis,

Verberis, Gen. verbere, Abl. *of a ſtripe*, pl. verbera, rum, &c. *ſtripes* 41
Veſper, ri, m. pl. caret. *the Evening* 43
Vicem, acc. vice, abl. *by turn.* Pl. Vices, vicium, &c. *Turns or Courſes* 41
Virus, ri, acc. & voc. rus, n. *Poyſon* 45
Vis, g. vis, dat. caret. acc. vim, voc. vis, abl. vi, f. pl. vires, virium, &c. *Strength* 42
Viſcum, ci, n. } *Birdlime* 48
Viſcus, ci, m. }
Vitrum, tri, n. pl. caret. *Glaſſe* 45
Vomer, } eris, m. *a Ploughſhare* 49
Vomis, }

As in Præsenti Explained.

1. Rules to know the Preterperfect tense of simple Verbs of the first Conjugation.

1. If a Verb end in As, in the second person of the present tense, the preterperfect tense shal end in avi, as,

No, nas, navi, **to swim.**
Vócito, tas, avi, **to call often.**

1. Except these Verbs, viz.

	Pres. tense.	**Preterp. tense.**	**Supine.**
* *Some of these Verbs sometimes have a Preterperfect tense in* avi.	* Lavo, as,	lavi,	lotum, **to wash.**
	Juvo, as,	juvi,	jutum, **to help.**
	Nexo, as,	nexŭi,	nexum, **to knit.**
	Seco, as,	secui,	sectum, **to cut.**
	Neco, as,	necŭi,	nectum, **to kill.**
	Mico, as,	micui,	**to shine.**
	Plico, as,	plicui,	plicitum, **to fold.**
	Frico, as,	fricui,	frictum, **to rub.**
	Domo, as,	domŭi,	dómitum, **to tame.**
	Tono, as,	tonŭi,	tónitum, **to thunder.**
	Sono, as,	sonŭi,	sónitum, **to sound.**
	Crepo, as,	crepŭi,	crépitum, **to crack.**
	Veto, as,	vetŭi,	vétitum, **to forbid.**
	Cubo, as,	cubŭi,	cúbitum, **to lie down.**
	Do, das,	dedi,	datum, **to give.**
	Sto, stas,	steti,	statum, **to stand**

2 Verbs of the ſecond Conjugation.

1. **If a Verb end in** es, **in the ſecond perſon ſingular of the Preſent tenſe, it will make the firſt perſon of the Preterperfect tenſe to end in** ui, **as,**

Nigreo, es, nigrui.

1. **Except theſe Verbs,** viz.

Jubeo, es,	juſſi,	juſſum, **to command.**
Sorbeo, es,	ſorbui, ſorpſi,	ſorptum, **to ſup.**
Mulceo, es,	mulſi,	mulſum, **to aſſwage.**
Luceo, es,	luxi,	**to ſhine.**
Sedeo, es,	ſedi,	ſeſſum, **to ſit.**
Video, es,	vidi,	viſum, **to ſee.**
Prandeo, es,	prandi,	pranſum, **to dine.**
Strideo, es,	ſtridi,	**to creak.**
Suadeo, es,	ſuaſi,	ſuaſum, **to perſwade.**
Rideo, es,	riſi,	riſum, **to laugh.**
Ardeo, es,	arſi,	arſum, **to glow.**

2. **The firſt ſyllable of the Preterperfect tenſe, is doubled in theſe four Verbs,** viz.

Pendeo, es,	pependi,	penſum, **to hang.**
Mordeo, es,	momordi,	morſum, **to bite.**
Spondeo, es,	ſpopondi,	ſponſum, **to betroth.**
Tondeo, es,	totondi,	tonſum, **to clip.**

3. **If** L. **or** R. **come before** geo **in the Preſent tenſe, the Preterperfect tenſe ſhall end in** ſi, **as,**

Urgeo, es,	urſi,	urſum, **to urge.**
Mulgeo, es,	mulſi, mulxi,	mulctum, **to milk.**

Frigeo

Frigeo, es,	frixi,	to be cold.
Lugeo, es,	luxi,	luctum, to lament.
Augeo, es,	auxi,	auctum, to increase.

4. Likewise,

Fleo, fles,	flevi,	fletum, to weep.
Leo, es,	levi,	letum, to imprint.
Deleo, es,	delevi,	deletum, to put out.
Pleo, es,	plevi,	pletum, to fill.
Neo, es,	nevi,	netum, to spin.
Maneo, es,	manſi,	manſum, to tarry.
Torqueo, es,	torſi,	tortum / torſum } to wrest.
Hæreo, es,	hæſi,	hæſum, to stick.

5. If a Verb end in Veo, the Preterperfect tense shall end in vi, as,

Ferveo, es,	fervi,	to be hot.
Niveo, es,	nivi, nixi,	to snow.
Conniveo, es,	connivi & connixi,	to wink.
Cieo, es,	civi,	citum, to trouble.
Vieo, es,	vievi,	vietum, to bend.

3. Of

3. Of the Preterperfect tenſe of Verbs of the third Conjugation.

The Preterperfect tenſe of Verbs of the third Conjugation may be known by the ending of the firſt perſon of the Preſent tenſe, as,

If the Preſent tenſe ends in — *The Preterperfect tenſe ſhall end in*

Bo,	Bi, *as*, Lambo, is	lambi,	*to lick.*
	Except Scribo, is	ſcripſi,	ſcriptum, *to write.*
	Nubo, is,	nupſi,	nuptum, *to be married.*
	Cumbo, is,	cubui,	cubitum, *to lie down.*
Co,	Ci, *as*, Vinco, is,	vici,	victum, *to overcome.*
	But Parco, is,	peperci, parci,	*to ſpare.*
	Dico, is,	dixi,	dictum, *to ſpeak.*
	Duco, is,	duxi,	ductum, *to lead.*
Do,	Di, *as*, Mando, is,	mandi,	manſum, *to eat.*
	But Scindo, is,	ſcidi,	ſciſſum, *to cut.*
	Findo, is,	fidi,	fiſſum, *to cleave.*
	Fundo, is,	fudi,	fuſum, *to pour out.*
	Tundo, is,	tútudi,	tunſum, *to knock.*
	Pendo, is,	pependi,	penſum, *to weigh.*
	Tendo, is,	tetendi,	tenſum *to ſtretch.*
	Pedo, is,	pepedi,	peditum, *to fart.*
	Cado, is,	cecidi,	caſum, *to fall.*
	Cædo, is,	cæcidi,	cæſum, *to beat.*
	Cedo, is,	ceſſi,	ceſſum, *to give place.*
	Vado, is,	vaſi,	vaſum, *to go.*
	Rado, is,	raſi,	raſum, *to ſhave.*
	Lædo, is,	læſi,	læſum, *to hurt.*
	Ludo, is,	luſi,	luſum, *to play.*
	Divido, is,	diviſi,	diviſum, *to divide.*
	Trudo, is,	truſi,	truſum, *to thruſt.*
	Claudo, is,	clauſi,	clauſum, *to ſhut.*
	Plaudo, is,	plauſi,	plauſum, *to clap hands.*
	Rodo, is,	roſi,	roſum, *to gnaw.*

Go,

If the Present tense ends in

The Preterperfect tense shall end in

Go, Xi, *as*, Iungo, is, junxi, junctum, *to joyn*

But if there be R *before go, that Verbe will make* si. } *as* Spargo, is, sparsi, sparsum, *to sprinkle.*

Lego, is, legi, lectum, *to read.*

Yet Ago, is, egi, actum, *to do.*

Tango, is, tetigi, tactum, *to touch.*

Pungo, is, { punxi, pupugi, } punctum, *to prick.*

Frango, is, fregi, fractum, *to break.*

Pango, is, pepigi, pactum, *to make a bargain*

Pango, is, pegi, pactum, *to joyn.*

Pango, is, panxi, pactum, *to sing.*

Ho, Xi, *as*, Traho, is, traxi, tractum, *to draw.*

Veho, is, vexi, vectum, *to carry.*

Lo, ui, *as*, Colo, is, colui, cultum, *to worship.*

But { Psallo *and* salli, sallum, Sallo } *to sing, to salt.*

Vello, is, { velli *and* vulsi } vulsum, *to pluck.*

Fallo, is, fefelli, falsum, *to deceive.*

Cello, is, ceculi, culsum, *to break.*

Pello, is, pepuli, pulsum, *to drive away.*

Mo, ui, *as*, Vomo, is, vomui, vomitum, *to vomit.*

Emo, is, emi, emptum, *to buy.*

Como, is, compsi, comptum, *to comb.*

Promo, is, prompsi, promptum, *to draw out.*

Demo, is, dempsi, demptum, *to take away.*

Sumo, is, sumpsi, sumptum, *to take.*

Premo, is, pressi, pressum, *to presse.*

No, Vi, *as*, Sino, is, sivi, situm, *to suffer.*

Yet Temno, is, tempsi, temptum; *to despise.*

Sterno, is, stravi, stratum, *to straw.*

Sperno, is, sprevi, spretum, *to despise.*

Lino,

If the Present tense end in

The Preterperfect tense shall end in

Lino, is, { levi, lini, litum, *to dawb.* livi,
Cerno, is, crevi, cretum, *to see*
Gigno, is, genui, genitum, *to beget*
Pono, is, posui, positum, *to put*
Cano, is, cecini, cantum, *to sing*

Po, Psi, *as*, Scalpo, is, scalpsi, scalptum, *to scratch*
But Rumpo, is, rupi, ruptum, *to break*
Strepo, is, strepui, strepitum, *to creek*
Crepo, is, crepui, crepitum, *to crack*

Quo, Qui, *as*, Linquo, is, liqui, lictum, *to leave*
But Coquo, is, coxi, coctum, *to boil*

Ro, Vi, *as*, Sero, is, sevi, satum, *to plant or sow*
But Sero, is, serui, sertum, *to lay in order*
Verro, is, { verri, vessi, versum, *to brush*
Gero, is, gessi, gestum, *to bear*
Quæro, is, quæsivi, quæsitum, *to seek*
Tero, is, trivi, tritum, *to wear*
Curro, is, cucurri, cursum, *to run*
Vro, is, ussi, ustum, *to burn*

So, Sivi, *as*, Accerso, is, accersivi, accersitum } *to go to*
Arcesso, is, arcessivi, arcessitum } *call*
Incesso, is, incessivi, incessitum } *to pro-*
Lacesso, is, lacessivi, lacessitum } *voke*
But Capesso, is, { capessi, capessum, } *to take*
capessivi, capessitum } *in hand*
Facesso, is, facessi, facessum, *to make*
Viso, is, visi, visum, *to visit*
Pinso, is, pinsui, pistum, *to bake*

Sco, Vi, *as*, Pasco, is, pavi, pastum, *to feed*
Posco, is, popoſci, *to require*
Disco, is, didici, *to learn*
Quiniſco, is, quexi, *to nod with the head*

If

If the Preſent tenſe end in

The Preterperfect tenſe ſhall end in

To, Ti, as, Verto, is, verti, verſum, *to turn*
Yet Siſto, is, ſtiti, ſtatum, *to make to ſtand*
Mitto, is, miſi, miſſum, *to ſend*
Peto, is, petii, or petivi, petitum, *to ask*
Sterno, is, ſtrevi, *to ſtrow*
Mero, is, meſſui, meſſum, *to mow*

Xo, Xi, as, Flecto, is, flexi, flexum, *to bend*
But Pecto, is, pexi, pexui, pexum, *to comb*
Necto, is, nexui, nexi, nexum, *to knit*

Vo, Vi, as, Volvo, vis, volvi, volutum, *to roul over*
Yet Vivo, is, vixi, victum, *to live*

Xo, ui, as, Nexo, is, nexui, nectum, *to bind*
Texo, is, texui, textum, *to weave*

Cio, Ci, as, Facio, is, feci, factum, *to do*
Iacio, is, jeci, jactum, *to caſt*
But Lacio, is, lexi, lectum, *to allure*
Specio, is, ſpexi, ſpectum, *to behold*

Dio, Di, as, Fodio, is, fodi, foſſum, *to dig*

Gio, Gi, as, Fugio, is, fugi, fugitum, *to flie*

Pio, Pi, as, Capio, is, cepi, captum, *to take*
But Cupio, is, cupivi, cupitum, *to deſire*
Rapio, is, rapui, raptum, *to ſnatch*
Sapio, is, ſapui, ſapivi, ſaptum, *to be wiſe*

Rio, Ri, as, Pario, is, peperi, partum, *to bring forth young*
Tio, ſi, as, Quatio, tis, quaſi, quaſſum, *to ſhake*
uo, ui, as, Statuo, is, ſtatui, ſtatutum, *to determine*
But Pluo, is, pluvi, plui, pluitum, *to rain*
Struo, is, ſtruxi, ſtructum, *to build*
Fluo, is, fluxi, fluxum, *to flow*

4. Of the Preterperfect tense of Verbs of the fourth Conjugation.

1. **If a Verb end in is, in the second person of the Present tense, the first person in the Preter tense, shall end in ivi, as,**

	Scio, scis,	scivi,	scitum, **to know.**
But	Venio, is,	veni,	ventum, **to come.**
	Cambio, is,	campsi,	campsum, **to exchange.**
	Raucio, is,	rausi,	rausum, **to be hoarse.**
	Farcio, is,	farsi,	fartum, **to stuff.**
	Sarcio, is,	sarsi,	sartum, **to patch.**
	Sepio, is,	sepsi,	septum, **to hedge.**
	Sentio, tis,	sensi,	sensum, **to perceive.**
	Fulcio, is,	fulsi,	fultum, **to prop.**
	Haurio, is,	hausi,	haustum, **to draw.**
	Sancio, is,	sanxi,	sanctum, **to establish.**
	Vincio, is,	vinxi,	vinctum, **to bind.**
	Salio, is,	salui,	saltum, **to leap.**
	Amicio, is,	amicui,	amictum, **to cloath.**

Yet, Cambivi, Sarcivi, Sepivi, Haurivi, Sancivi, Salivi, Amicivi, **are sometimes read.**

5. Of the Preterperfect tense of Compound Verbs.

1. **The Preterperfect tense of the Compound Verbs, is the same with the Preterperfect tense of the simple Verb; for, as,**

	Doceo, es,	docui,	doctum, **to teach.**
So	Edoceo, es,	edocui,	edoctum, **to teach perfectly.**

1. **But**

1. But the ſyllable which is doubled in the Preterperfect tenſe of the ſimple Verb, is not doubled when the Verb is compounded, for though,

Spondeo, | makes | ſpopondi, to promiſe.
Yet Reſpondeo, | | reſpondi, to anſwer.

Nevertheleſſe Præcurro, | makes | præcucurri, to run before
Excurro, | | excucurri, to run out
Repungo, | | repúpugi, to prick again

and the Compounds of Do, Diſco, Sto, Poſco, as peſſundo, peſſundedi, to quaſh
ediſco, edidici, to learn perfectly
perſto, perſtiti, to ſtand firmly
depoſco, depoposci, to deſire much

Double the ſyllable of the Preterperfect tenſe.

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2. When Plico is compounded with Sub, or with a Noun, it makes Plicavi, in the Preterperfect tenſe, as,

Supplico, as, ſupplicavi, to beſeech
Multiplico, as, multiplicavi, to multiply.
But Applico, as, to apply
Complico, as, to fold
Replico, as, to reply
Explico, as, to declare
} makes ui, or avi.

---

3. Though Oleo to ſmell, makes Olui, yet every Compound thereof will rather have Olevi, as,

Exoleo, exolevi, to be ſtale
Only Redoleo, redolevi, to give a ſaveur.
Suboleo, ſubolevi, to ſavour a little

---

4. All the Compounds of Pungo, make punxi, except repungo, is, which makes repunxi and repúpugi.

5. **The Compounds of** Do, **when it is of the third Conjugation made** did, **not** dedi, **as,**

Credo, is,	crédidi,	créditum, **to believe**
Edo, is,	édidi,	éditum, **to set forth**
Dedo, is,	dédidi,	déditum, **to yield**
Reddo, is,	réddidi,	rédditum, **to restore**
Perdo, is,	pérdidi,	pérditum, **to destroy**
Abdo, is,	ábdidi,	ábditum, **to hide**
Obdo, is,	óbdidi,	óbditum, **to bolt**
Condo, is,	cóndidi,	cónditum, **to build**
Indo, is,	indidi,	índitum, **to put in**
Trado, is,	trádidi,	tráditum, **to deliver**
Prodo, is,	pródidi,	próditum, **to betray**
Vendo, is,	véndidi,	vénditum, **to sell**

But Abscondo, is, abscondi, { absconsum, & absconditum, } **to hide.**

6. **The Compounds of** sto **make** stiti, **as,**

Præsto, as, præstiti, præstitum, **to excel.**

7. **If these Verbs be compounded they change their first vowel in all tenses into** e, viz.

Damno, as,	1	condemno, **to condemn**
Lacto, as,	1	allecto, **to allure**
Sacro, as,	1	consecro, **to consecrate**
Fallo, is, **to deceive**	3	refello, refelli, refasum, **to gain-say**
Arceo, es, **to drive away**	2	coerceo, coercui, coércitum, **to restrain**
Tracto, as, **to handle**	1	detrecto, **to detract**
Fatiscor, éris, **to be weary**	1	defetiscor, defessus sum.

Partio

Partio, tis,	4	to divide.	impertio, to beſtow
Carpo, is,	3	to crop.	decerpo, to pluck off.
Patro, as,	1	to commit.	perpetro, to commit.
Scando, is,	3	to climb.	aſcendo, to aſcend.
Spargo,	3	to ſprinkle.	diſpergo, to diſperſe
* Pario, is,	3	to bring forth,	reperio, to find.

* All whoſe Compounds are of the fourth Conjugation, and make the Preterperfect tenſe to end in perui, as,

Aperio, is, aperui, apertum, to open.
Operio, is, operui, opertum, to cover.

Only Comperio, is, / Reperio, is, | takes | cómperi, compertum, to try / réperi, repertum, to find.

3. All the Compounds of Paſco are declined like the ſimple Verb, as,

Epaſco, is, epavi, epaſtum, to eat up.
Except { Compeſco, is, compeſcui, to paſture together. / Diſpeſco, is, diſpeſcui, to drive from paſture.

9. Theſe Verbs being compounded, change their firſt Vowel in all Tenſes into i, viz.

Habeo, es, to have	2	Cohibeo, to reſtrain
Lateo, es, to lie hid	2	Deliteo, to lurk
Salio, is, to leap	4	Reſilio, to leap back
Statuo, is, to appoint	3	Conſtituo, to appoint.
Cado, is, to fall.	3	Occido, occidi, occaſum, to ſet
Lædo, is, to hurt	3	Collído, to hit againſt

Pango, pegi, to joyn	3.	Impingo, pegi, impactum, to stumble
Cano, is, cécini to sing	3.	Cóncino, concinui, concentum, to sing together
Quæro, is, to seek	3.	Requiro, to require
Cædo, is, to cut	3.	Occído, occîdi, occisum, to kill
Tango, is, to touch	3.	Pertingo, is, tegi, tactum, to touch thorow
Egeo, es, to want	2.	Indigeo, es, to want
Teneo, es, to hold	2.	Retíneo, es, rerentum, to retain
Taceo, es, to hold ones peace	2.	Reticeo, es, to say nothing
Sapio, is, to be wise	3.	Desipio, is, desipitum, to play the fool well
Rapio, is, to snatch	3.	Corripio, is, correptum, to snatch

Where note that the Compounds of Cano make their Preterperfect tense end in ui, as,

Cóncino, makes concínui, to sing in one tune.

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10. All the Compounds of Placeo, change the first Vowel into i, as,

Displiceo, es, displícui, displícitum, to displease.

Except { Complaceo, & Perplaceo, } to please well

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11. These four Compounds of Pango keep the simple Verb, viz.

Depango, to fasten to the ground.

Oppango

Oppango, to join
Circumpango, to cram about
Repango, to fasten again

12. These four Compounds of Maneo change their first Vowel of the simple Verb into i, and make their Preterperfect tense in ui, viz.

Præmineo, es, præminui, } to excell
Emineo, es, eminui, }
Promineo, es, prominui, to stand out
Immineo, es, imminui, to hang over

The rest are like the simple Verb, as, Permaneo, es, Permansi.

13. The Compounds of these Verbs change a into u, viz.

Scalpo, is,	3.	Exsculpo, to grave
Calco, as,	1.	Inculco, to tread upon
Salto, as,	1.	Resulto, to leap back

14. These Verbs being compounded cast away a, viz.

Claudo to shut { Occludo, is, occlusi, to shut up
Excludo, is, exclusi, to shut out
Quatio to shake { Percutio, is, percussi, to smite
Excutio, is, excussi, to shake off
Lavo to wash { Proluo, is, prolui, to wash much
Diluo, is, dilui, to rinse

15. These Verbs change the first Vowel of the Present tense (and the tenses formed thereof into i, but not of the Preterperfect tense (nor the tenses formed of it) as,

Ago, makes to do, Exigo, makes to require, exégi, exactum

Emo, to buy	Périmo, peremi, peremptum, to destroy.
Sedeo, to sit	Confideo, consédi, consessum, to sit together
Rego, to rule	Córrigo, correxi, correctum, to correct
Frango, to break	Refringo, refrégi, refractum, to break open
Capio, to take	Incipio, incépi, inceptum, to begin
Jacio, to cast	Conjicio, coujéci, conjectum, to cast together
Lacio, to insnare	Allicio, alléxi, allectum, to allure
Specio, to behold	Respicio, respexi, respectum, to look back
Premo, to presse.	Réprimo, repressi, repressum, to represse

But Perago, and Satago, are declined like the simple Verb Ago. And Dego, to live, and Cogo, coégi, to compel, cast away the middle syllable.

So likewise of Rego to rule, are made Pergo to go forward, and Surgo to arise.

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16. The Verb Facio, changeth nothing, except it be compounded with a Preposition, as in,

Olfacio, to make to smell
Calfacio, to make warm
Inficio, to infect

17. If Lego be compounded with re, se, per, præ, sub, or trans, it still keeps the Vowel of the Present tense e, but all the other Compounds change e into i, whereof Intélligo to understand, Díligo to love, and Négligo to neglect, make the Preter-perfect tense lexi, all the rest legi.

6. Of

6. Of the Supines of simple Verbs.

N. B. **The Supine may be known by the Preterperfect tense, as,**

If the Preterperfect tense end in — *The Supine shall end in*

Bi,	tum, *as*, Bibo,	3	bibi, bibitum, *to drink*
Ci,	tum, *as*, Vinco,	3	vici, victum, *to conquer*
	Ico,	3	ici, ictum, *to strike*
	Facio,	3	feci, factum, *to make*
	Iacio,	3	jeci, jactum, *to cast*
Di,	sum, *as*, Video,	2	vidi, visum, *to see*

Yet these Verbs do double (s) viz.

Pando,	3	pandi, passum, *to spread*
Sedeo,	2	sedi, sessum, *to sit*
Scindo,	3	scidi, scissum, *to cut*
Findo	3	fidi, fissum, *to cleave*
Fodio	3	fodi, fossum, *to dig*

N.B. **And here you must observe that that Syllable which is doubled in the Preterperfect tense, is never doubled in the Supines: thus,**

Tondeo,	2	totondi, tonsum, *to clip*
Cædo,	3	cæcidi, cæsum, *to cut*
Cado,	3	cecidi, casum, *to fall*
Tendo,	3	tetendi { tensum, tentum, *to stretch*
Tundo,	3	tutudi, tunsum, *to knock*
Pedo,	3	pepedi, peditum, *to fart*
Do,	1	dedi, datum, *to give*

Gi,	ctum, *as*, Lego,	3	legi, lectum, *to read*
	Pango,	3	{ pegi, pepigi, pactum, *to make a Covenant*
	Frango,	3	fregi, fractum, *to break*

Tango

	Tango,	3	tetigi, tactum, *to touch*
	Ago,	3	egi, actum, *to do*
	Pungo,	3	pupugi, punctum, *to prick*
	Fugio,	3	fugi, fugitum, *to flie*
Li,	sum, *ui*, Sallo,	3	salli, salsum, *to powder*
	Pello,	3	pepuli, pulsum, *to drive away*
	Cello,	3	ceculi, culsum, *to break*
	Fallo,	3	fefelli, falsum, *to deceive*
	Vello,	3	velli, vulsum, *to pull up*
	Pero,	3	tuli, latum, *to bear*
Mi,	tum, *ui*, Emo, emi, emptum, *to buy.*		
Ni,	tum, *ui*, Venio, veni, ventum, *to come*		
	Cano, cecini, cantum, *to sing*		
Pi,	tum, *ui*, Capio, cepi, captum, *to take*		
	Cæpio, cæpi, cæptum, *to begin*		
	Rumpo, rupi, ruptum, *to break*		
Qui,	tum, *ui*, Linquo,	3	liqui, lictum, *to leave*
Ri,	sum, *ui*, Verro,	3	verri, versum, *to bruſh*
	But Pario,	3	peperi, partum, *to bring forth*
Si,	sum, *ui*, Viso,	3	visi, visum, *to visit*
	Mitto,	3	misi, missum, *to send*
	Fulcio,	4	fulsi, fultum, *to under-prop*
	Haurio,	4	hausi, haustum, *to draw*
	Sarcio,	4	sarsi, sartum, *to patch*
	Farcio,	4	farsi, fartum, *to stuffe*
	Uro,	3	ussi, ustum, *to burn*
	Gero,	3	gessi, gestum, *to bear*
	Torqueo,	2	torsi, { tortum, torsum, } *to wreſt*
	Indulgeo,	2	indulsi { indulsum, indultum, } *to pamper*
Psi,	tum, *ui*, Scribo,	3	scripsi, scriptum, *to write*
	Cambio,	4	campsi, campsum, *to exchange*

The Preſent tenſe ends in — *The Supine ſhall end in*

If the Preſent tenſe end in

Ti, tum, as, Sto, 1 ſteti, ſtatum, to ſtand
Siſto, 3 ſtiti,
But Verto, 3 verti, verſum, to turn

Vi, tum, as, Flo, 1 flavi, flatum, to blow
But Paſco 3 pavi, paſtum, to feed
Lavo, 1 lavi, lotum, lautum, lavatum, to waſh
Poto, 1 potavi, potum, potatum, to drink
Faveo, 2 favi, fautum, to favour
Caveo, 2 cavi, cautum, to beware
Sero, 3 ſevi, ſatum, to ſow
Lino, 3 livi, lini, litum, to rub over
Solvo, 3 ſolvi, ſolutum, to looſe
Volvo, 3 volvi, volutum, to roll
Singultio, 4 ſingultivi, ſingultum, to ſob
Veneo, 4 venivi, venum, to be ſold
Sepelio, 4 ſepelivi, ſepultum, to bury

ui, itum, as, Domo, 1 domui, domitum, to make tame.

The Preterperfect tenſe ſhall end in

yet every Verb which ends in iio makes utum in the Supines, as,

Exuo, 1 exui, exutum, to put off
Only Ruo, 1 rui, rutum, to ruſh
Seco, 1 ſecui, ſectum, to cut
Neco, 1 necui, nectum, to kill
Frico, 1 fricui, frictum, to rub
Miſceo, 2 miſcui, mixtum, to mix
Amicio, 2 amicui, amictum, to cloath
Torreo, 2 torrui, toſtum, to roſt
Doceo, 2 docui, doctum, to teach
Teneo, 2 tenui, tentum, to hold
Conſulo, 3 conſului, conſultum, to adviſe
Alo, 3 alui, altum, alitum, 4 to nouriſh
Salio, 3 ſalui, ſaltum, to leap
Colo, 3 colui, cultum, to worſhip
Occulo 3 occului, occultum, to hide

Pinſo

If the Preterperfect tense end in Xi, The Supine shall end in

Pinso, 3 pinsui, pistum, *to bake*
Rapio, 3 rapui, raptum, *to snatch*
Sero, 3 serui, sertum, *to put in order*
Texo, 3 texui, textum, *to weave*

Yet these Verbs in ui, make the Supines to end in sum, as,

Censeo, 2 censui, censum, *to think*
Cello, 3 cellui, celsum, *to break*
Meto 3 messui, messum, *to mow*
Nexo, 3 nexui, nexum, *to knit*
Pexo, 3 pexui, pexum, *to comb*
Pateo, 2 patui, passum, *to lie open*
Careo, 2 carui, { cassum, caritum, *to want*

ctum, *as*, Vincio, 4 vinxi, vinctum, *to bind*

Yet these five cast away (N,) viz.

Fingo, 3 finxi, fictum, *to fain*
Mingo, 3 minxi, mictum, *to mingle*
Pingo, 3 pinxi, pictum, *to paint*
Stringo, strinxi, strictum, *to bind*
Ringo, rinxi, rictum, *to fret*

These four Verbs make xum, viz.

Flecto, flexi, flexum, *to bend*
Plecto, plexi, plexum, *to punish*
Figo, fixi, fixum, *to fasten*
Fluo, fluxi, fluxum, *to flow*

7. Of

7. Of the Supines of Compound Verbs.

1. **The Supine of the Compound Verb is the ſame with that of the ſimple Verb, as,**

Lego, **to read**, lectum.
Perlego, **to read over**, perlectum.

1. **Yet ſometimes they alter a ſyllable, for,**

Tundo, **to knock**	Makes	tunſum.
Pertundo, **to bruiſe**		pertúſum.
Ruo, **to ruſh**		ruitum.
Corruo, **to fall together**		corrŭtum.
Salio, **to leap**		ſaltum.
Deſilio, **to leap down**		deſultum.
Sero, **to ſow**		ſatum.
Inſĕro, **to graffe**		inſitum.

2. **Theſe Supines change (a) into (e) when they are compounded, for,**

Capio, **to take**	Makes	captum.
Decipio, **to deceive**		deceptum.
Facio, **to make**		factum.
Inficio, **to infect**		infectum.
Jacio, **to caſt**		jactum.
Rejicio, **to throw back**		rejectum.
Rapio, **to ſnatch**		raptum.
Corripio, **to catch hold of**		correptum.

Cano

Cano, to sing	Makes	cantum
Cóncino, to sing in tune		concentum
Pario, to bring forth		partum
Reperio, to find		repertum
Spargo, to sprinkle		sparsum
Dispergo, to scatter abroad		dispersum

3. This Verb Edo, when it is compounded will have esum (and not estum) in the Supines, as,

	Exedo, to gnaw,	exésum.
Only	Comêdo, to eat all,	comestum. / coméstum.

4. All the Compounds of Nosco, make notum in the Supines, as,

	Pernosco, to know thoroughly,	pernótum.
Except	Cognosco, to know,	cógnitum.
	Agnosco, to acknowledge,	ágnitum.

8. Of the Preterperfect tense of Verbs in *Or*.

1. Verbs which end in Or, do borrow their Preterperfect tense of the latter Supine, by putting to s, and Sum vel fui.

But we must observe that some of these are Deponents, and some Communes, which do feign a Supine, whence the Preterperfect tense may be formed, thus,

Labor,

Labor, 3. to slide	Makes	lapsus
Patior, 3. to suffer		passus
Cõpatior, 3. to suffer together		compassus
Perpetior, 3. to indure		perpessus
Fateor, 2. to confesse		fassus
Confiteor, 2. to confesse		confessus
Diffiteor, 2. to deny		diffessus
Gradior, 3. to go		gressus
Digrédior, 3 to go aside		digressus
Fatiscor, 3. to be weary		fessus
Metior, 4. to measure		mensus
Utor, 3. to use		usus
Ordior, 4. to weave. / to begin.		ordítus / orsus
Nitor, 3. to indeavour		nisus / nixus
Ulciscor, 3. to revenge		ultus
Irascor, 3. to be angry		iratus
Reor, 2. to suppose		ratus
Obliviscor, 3. to forget		oblitus
Fruor, 3. to enjoy		fructus / fruitus
Misereor, 2. to have mercy		misertus
Tueor, 2. tueri, to defend		tuitus tutum
Tuor, 3. tui, to see		tuitus tuitum,
Loquor, 3. to speak		loquutus
Sequor, 3. to follow		sequutus
Experior, 4, to try		expertus
Paciscor, 3. to make a bargain		pactus,
Nanciscor, 3. to get		nactus
Apiscor, 3. / Adipiscor, 3. to obtain		aptus / adeptus
Queror, 3. to complain		questus
Proficiscor, 3. to go		profectus,
Expergiscor, 3. to awake		experrectus

Sum vel fui.

Comminiscor

Comminiscor, 3	to devise	Makes	commentus,
Nascor, 3	to be born		natus,
Morior 3	to die		mortuus,
Orior, 4	to arise		ortus,

9. Of Verbs that have two Preterperfect tenses.

These Verbs have two Preterperfect tenses, viz. one of the Active, and another of the Passive voice

Cæno,	1	cænávi,
to sup		cænátus sum,
Juro,	1	jurávi,
to swear		jurátus sum,
Poto,	1	potávi,
to drink		potus sum,
Titubo,	1	titubávi,
to stumble		titubátus sum,
Careo,	2	carui,
to want		cassus sum,
Prandeo,	2	prandi,
to dine		pransus sum,
Parco,	2	patui,
to lie open		passus sum,
Placeo,	2	plácui,
to please		plácitus sum,
Suesco,	3	suévi,
to accustome		suétus sum,
Veneo,	4	venivi,
to be sold		venditus sum,
Nubo,	3	nupsi,
to be married to a man		nuptus sum,

Mereor,	2	merui,
to deserve		méritus sum
Libet,	2	libuit,
it pleaseth		libitum est
Licet,	2	licuit,
it is lawfull		licitum est
Tædet,	2	tæduit,
it irketh		pertæsum est
Pudet,	2	púdúit,
it shameth		púditum est
Piget,	2	piguit,
it irketh		pigitum est

10. Of the Preterperfect tense of Verbs Neuter-passives.

Verbs Neuter-passives form their Preterperfect tense thus,

Gaudeo,	2	to rejoice,	gavísus sum
Fido,	3	to trust,	fisus sum
Audeo,	2	to be bold,	ausus sum
Fio, fis,		to be made,	factus sum
Soleo,	2	to be wont,	sólitus sum
Mæreo,	2	to be sad,	* mæstus sum;

* which Phocas saith is a Noun.

11. Of Verbs which borrow their Preterperfect tenses.

Some Verbs do borrow their Preterperfect tens from others, viz.

A Verb Inceptive which ends in sco, standing for a Primitive Verb, borrows its Preterperfect tense of that Verb which it stands for, as,

	makes	of
Tepesco, to begin to be warm	tepui,	Tepeo, to be warm
Ferveſco, to begin to be hot	fervi,	Ferveo, to be hot
Cerno, to discern	vidi,	Video, to see
Quatio, to shake	concuſſi,	Concutio, to shake
Ferio, to smite	percuſſi,	Percutio, to smite
Meio, to pisse	minxi,	Mingo, to mingle
Sido, to settle	ſedi,	Sedeo, to sit
Tollo, to take up	ſuſtuli,	Suffero, to suffer
Sum, es, to be	fui,	Fuo, to be
Fero, fers, to suffer	tuli,	Tulo, to bear
Sisto to make to stand	ſteti,	Sto, to stand

Furo

Furo, to rage	inſanivi,	Inſanio, to be mad
Veſcor, to eat,	paſtus ſum	Paſcor, to be fed
Medeor, to heal	medicatus ſum	Medicor, to cure
Liquor, to be melted	liquefactus ſum	Liquefio, to be melted
Reminiſcor, to remember	recordatus ſum,	Recordor, to call to mind

12. Of Verbs which want their Preterperfect tenſe.

Theſe Verbs want a Preterperfect tenſe, viz.

Vergo, is,	3	to bend
Gliſco,	3	to groſo
Fatiſco,	3	to gape
Polleo,	2	to be able
Nideo,	2	to ſhine

2. Verbs Inceptives, i. e. that ſignifie a beginning. as, Pueraſco, 3 to wax a Child.

3. All Paſſives whoſe Actives want the Supines, as,

Metuor,	3	to be feared
Timeor,	2	

4. All Meditatives, i.e. which ſignifie a deſire, as,

Micturio,	4	to desire to pisse
Scripturio,	4	to desire to write

Except Parturio, to be toward labour, parturivi,
Esurio, to bee hungry, esurivi.

13. Of Verbs which want the Supines.

These Verbs very seldom or never have the Supines.

Lambo,	3	to lick
Mico,	1	to shine
Rudo,	3	to bray like an Asse
Scabo,	3	to knap as horses do
Parco,	3	to spare
Dispesco,	3	to drive from pasture
Posco,	3	to require
Disco,	3	to learn
Compesco,	3	to pasture together
Quinisco,	3	to nod
Dego,	3	to live
Ango,	3	to vex
Sugo,	3	to suck
Lingo,	3	to lick
Ningo,	3	to snow
Salsugo,	3	to be brine
Psallo,	3	to sing
Volo,	3	to will
Nolo,	3	to be unwilling
Malo,	3	to be more willing
Tremo,	3	to tremble
Strideo,	2	to creak
Stridor,	3	

Flaveo,

Flaveo, 2 to be yellow
Liveo, 2 to be black and blew
Aveo, 2 to covet
Paveo, 2 to fear
Conniveo, 2 to wink
Ferveo, 2 to be hot

The Compounds of Nuo, to nod, as,

Rénuo 3 to refuse

And the Compounds of Cado, to fall, as,

Except { Occido, to set and Récido, to fall back } which make { occásum & recásum

Réspuo, 3 to refuse
Linquo, 3 to leave
Luo, 3 to suffer punishment
Métuo, 3 to fear
Cluo, 3 to glister
Frigeo, 2 to be cold
Calvo, 3 to deceive
Sterto, 3 to snort
Timeo, 2 to fear
Luceo, 2 to shine
Arceo, 2 to drive away, whose Compounds make ércitum.

So the Compounds of Gruo, to crudle, as,

Ingruo, 3 to invade

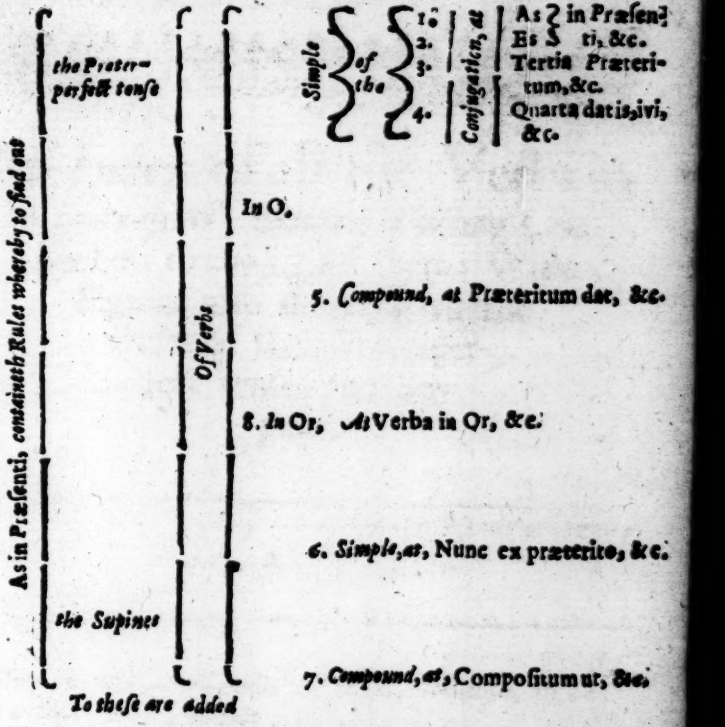
And whatsoever Verbs Neuter of the second Conjugation make ui: Except these,

Oleo, to smell
Doleo, to grieve

Placeo, to please
Taceo, to hold ones peace
Pareo, to obey
Careo, to want
Noceo, to hurt
Pateo, to lie open
Lateo, to lie hid
Valeo, to be in health
Caleo, to be warm

Yet they will have the Supines.

As


As in Præsenti, containeth Rules whereby to find out
the Preter-perfect tense
the Supines
Of Verbs
Simple
of the
1.
2.
3.
4.
Conjugation, as
As in Præsenti
Es Sti, &c.
Tertia Præteritum, &c.
Quarta dat is, ivi, &c.
In O.
5. Compound, as Præteritum dat, &c.
8. In Or, As Verba in Or, &c.
6. Simple, as, Nunc ex præterito, &c.
7. Compound, as, Compositum ut, &c.
To these are added
Rules of Verbs that
9. Have two Preterperfect tenses, as, Præteritum Activæ, &c.
10. Are Neutor Passives, as, Neutro-passivum sic præteritum, &c.
11. Borrow their Preterperfect tenses, as, Quædam præteritum, &c.
12. Want their Preterperfect tenses, as, Præteritum fugiunt, &c.
13. Seldome have Supines, as, Hæc raro aut nunquam, &c

An *Index* of all the Verbs in *As in Præsenti*, shewing a young Learner how to conjugate them: With Figures also directing to the Rules of their Preterperfect tenses and Supines.

A

ABdo, is, dĭdi, ĕre, endi, do, dum, abditum, itu, abdens, iturus, *to hide* 74

Abscondo, is, di, ere, endi, do, dum, sum, su, vel, ditum, u, ens, surus, vel iturus, *to hide* 74

Accerso, is, ivi, ĕre, endi, endo, endum, itum, u, ens, iturus, *to go to call* 79

Adipiscor, ĕris, vel ĕre, adeptus sum vel fui, adipisci, adipiscendi, do, dum, adeptum, u, adipiscens, eptus, epturus, *to get* 85

Agnosco, scis, novi, agnoscere, agnoscendi, do, dum, agnitum, u, agnoscens, agniturus, *to acknowledge* 84

Ago, is, egi, agere, agendi, do, dum, actum, u, agens, acturus, *to do* 69

Allicio,

Allicio, is, lexi, licere, iendi, do, dum, allectum, u, alliciens, allecturus, *to allure* 71
Alo, is, ui, alĕre, endi, do, dum, alitum, u, & altum, u, alens, aliturus, & alturus, *to nourish* 81
Ambigo, is, (caret præterito) ambigere, endi, do, dum, (supinis caret) ambigens, *to be in doubt* 89
Amicio, is, cui, *and sometimes*, civi, amicire, iendi, do, dum, amictum, u, amiciens, icturus, *to cloath* 84
Ango, is, anxi, angĕre, endi, do, dum, supinis caret, angens, *to vex* 90
Annuo, is, ui, ĕre, endi, do, dum, supinis caret, annuens, *to grant* 90
Aperio, is, ui, ire, iendi, do, dum, apertum, tu, aperiens, aperturus, *to open* 71
Apiscor, ĕris vel ĕre, aptus sum vel fui, apiscendus, *to get* 85
Applico, as, applicui, & applicavi, are, andi, do, dum, applicatum, u, & applicitum, u, applicans, aturus, & iturus, *to apply* 73
Arceo, es, ui, arcére, endi, do, dum, supinis caret, arcens, *to keep back* 74, 91
Arcesso, is, ivi, ĕre, endi, do, dum, arcessitum, u, arcessens, iturus, *to call* 70
Ardeo, es, arsi, ére, endi, do, dum, arsum, u, ardens, arsurus, *to burn* 66
Ascendo, dis, di, ĕre, endi, do, dum, ascensum, su, ascendens, surus, *to ascend* 70
Audeo, es, ausus sum vel fui, audére, endi, do, dum, ausum, u, audens, ausurus, *to be bold* 87
Augeo, es, auxi, augére, augendi, do, dum, auctum, u, augens, auctūrus, *to increase* 66
Aveo, es, caret præterito, avére, avendi, do, dum, supinis caret, avens, *to covet* 90

B

Bibo, bibis, bibi, bibĕre, endi, do, dum, bibitum, u, bibens, bibiturus, *to drink* 79

C

Cado, dis, cécidi, cadĕre, cadendi, do, dum, caſum, u, cadens, caſurus, *to fall* 68, 75, 79
Cædo, is, cecídi, cædere, cædendi, do, dum, cæſum, u, cædens, cæſurus, *to beat* 68, 76, 79
Calco, as, avi, are, andi, do, dum, atum, u, ans, aturus, *to tread upon* 77
Caleo, es, ui, ére, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) calens, *to be hot* 91
Calfacio, is, feci, facere, iendi, do, dum, factum, u, faciens, facturus, *to make hot* 78
Calvo, vis, vi, calvĕre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) calvens, *to deceive* 91
Cambio, is, campſi, bire, iendi, iendo, iendum, campſum, u, biens, pſurus, *to exchange* 72, 80
Cano, is, cécini, canĕre, endi, do, dum, cantum, u, canens, canturus, *to ſing* 70, 76, 80
Capeſſo, ſis, ſi & ſivi, capeſſere, endi, do, dum, capeſſum, ſu, vel capeſſitum, u, capeſſens, urus, iturus, *to take* 70
Capio, capis, cepi, capĕre, iendi, do, dum, captum, u, capiens, turus, *to take* 71
Careo, es, ui, & caſſus ſum vel fui, carére, endi, do, dum, caſſum, ſu, & caritum, u, carens, caſſurus & cariturus, *to want* 82, 91
Carpo, is, pſi, carpĕre, endi, do, dum, carptum, u, carpens, carpturus, *to crop* 75
Caveo, es, vi, cavere, endi, do, dum, cautum, u, cavens, cauturus, *to beware* 81

Cedo

Cedo, is, ceſſi, cedere, cedendi, do, dum, ceſſum, u, cedens, ceſſurus, *to give place* 68
Cello, is, ceculi, cellere, cellendi, do, dum, culſum, ſu, cellens, culſurus, *to break* 69, 80, 81
Cenſeo, es, ui, ere, endi, do, dum, cenſum, u, cenſens, cenſurus, *to think* 81
Cerno, is, crevi vel vidi, cernere, cernendi, cernendo, dum, cretum, tu, vel viſum, viſu, cernens, creturus vel viſurus, *to perceive* 70, 87
Cieo, es, civi, ciere, ciendi, do, dum, citum, u, ciens, citurus, *to incite* 66
Circumpango, is, pegi, pangere, pangendi, do, dum, circumpactum, u, pangens, pacturus, *to cram about* 77
Claudo, is, clauſi, claudere, claudendi, do, dum, clauſum, ſu, claudens, clauſurus, *to ſhut* 68, 77
Cluo, is, (caret præterito) cluere, cluendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) cluens, *to be famous* 91
Cœno, as, avi, & atus ſum vel fui, cœnare, andi, do, dum, cœnatum, u, cœnans, cœnaturus, *to ſup* 86
Cœpio, is, pi, cœpere, cœpiendi, do, dum, cœptum, u, cœpiens, cœpturus, *to begin* 80
Coerceo, es, ui, coercere, coercendi, do, dum, coércitum, u, coércens, coerciturus, *to reſtrain* 74
Cognoſco, is, novi, noſcere, noſcendi, do, dum, cognitum, u, cognoſcens, cogniturus, *to know* 84
Cogo, is, cōegi, cogere, cogendi, do, dum, coactum, u, cogens, coacturus, *to compel* 78
Cohibeo, es, ui, cohiberē, cohibendi, do, dum, cohibitum, tu, cohibens, cohibiturus, *to reſtrain* 75
Collido, is, liſi, collidere, dendi, do, dum, colliſum, u, collidens, colliſurus, *to knock together* 75
Colo, is, colui, colĕre, colendi, do, dum, cultum, u, colens, cultúrus, *to worſhip* 69, 81
Comedo, comedis, vel comes, edi, comedere vel comeſſe, comēdendi, do, dum, comeſtum, u, vel comeſum, u, comedens, comeſturus vel comeſurus, *to eat* 84

Commi-

Comminiſcor, ĕris vel ĕre, commentus ſum vel fui, comminiſci, endi, do, dum, commentum, u, comminiſcens, commentus, commenturus, comminiſcendus, *to invent* 86
Como, is, compſi, comere, comendi, do, dum, compeu m, u, comens, compturus, *to comb* 69
Compatior, patĕris vel patere, compaſſus ſum vel fui, compati, compatiendi, do, dum, compaſſum, u, compatiens, compaſſus, compaſſurus, compatiendus, *to ſuffer together* 85
Comperio, is, comperi, comperire, comperiendi, do, dum, compertum, u, comperiens, comperturus, *to find out a matter* 75
Compeſco, is, peſcui, compeſcĕre, endi, do, dum (ſupinis caret) compeſcens, *to paſture together* 75,90
Complaceo, complaces, complacui, complacére, cendi, do, dum, complacitum, u, complacens, complacituras, *to pleaſe well* 76
Complico, as, plicui, vel plicavi, complicare, complicandi, do, dum, complicitum, u, & complicatum, u, complicans, complicituras & complicaturus, *to wrap or fold together* 77
Concino, is, concinui, concinĕre, concinendi, do, dum, concentum, u, concinens, concenturus, *to ſing in one tune* 84
Concutio, is, concuſſi, concutere, concutiendi, do, dum, concuſſum, ſu, concutiens, concuſſurus, *to ſhake* 88
Condemno, as, avi, are, andi, do, dum, condemnatum, u, condemnans, condemnaturus, *to condemn* 74
Condo, dis, didi, dĕre, dendi, do, dum, conditum, u, condens, conditurus, *to lay up* 74
Confiteor, ēris vel ēre, confeſſus ſum vel fui, confitĕri, confitendi, do, dum, coufeſſum, u, confitens, confeſſus, confeſſurus, confitendus, *to confeſſe* 85
Conjicio, is, jeci, conjicere, conjiciendi, do, dum, conjectum, u, conjiciens, conjecturus, *to caſt together* 78

Conniveo, es, nivi & nixi, connivére, endi, endo, dum, connictum, u, connivens, connicturus, *to wink* 66,90
Consecro, as, avi, are, andi, do, dum, consecratum, u, consecrans, consecraturus, *to make holy* 74
Consideo, consides, consédi, considére, considendi, do, dum, consessum, u, considens, consessurus, *to sit together* 78
Consulo, is, consului, consulĕre, consulendi, do, dum, consultum, u, consulens, consulturus, *to consult* 81
Coquo, quis, coxi, coquĕre, coquendi, do, dum, coctum, coctu, coquens, cocturus, *to seeth* 72
Corrigo, is, correxi, corrigĕre, corrigendi, do, dum, correctum, u, corrigens, correcturus, *to correct* 78
Corripio, is, corripui, corripĕre, corripiendi, do, dum, correptum, u, corripiens, correpturus, *to snatch* 76, 83
Corruo, is, corrui, corruĕre, endi, do, dum, córrutum, u, corruens, corruturus, *to fall together* 83
Credo, is, credidi, credĕre, credendi, do, dum, creditum, u, credens, crediturus, *to beleeve* 74
Crepo, as, crepui, rarò crepavi, crepare, crepandi, do, dum, crepitum, u, rarò crepatum, u, crepans, crepiturus; & rarò crepaturus, *to crack* 65, 70
Cubo, as, cubui, cubare, andi, do, dum, cubitum, u, cubans, cubiturus, *to lie down* 65
Cumbo, is, cubui, cumbere, cumbendi, do, dum, cubitum, u, cumbens, cubiturus, *to lie down* 68
Cupio, is, pivi, cupere, cupiendi, do, dum, cupitum, u, cupiens, cupiturus, *to covet* 71
Curro, is, cucurri, currere, endi, do, dum, cursum, u, currens, cursurus, *to run* 72

D

DAmno, as, avi, are, andi, do, dum, atum, atu, ans, aturus, *to condemn* 74

Decipio, is, cepi, cipĕre, iendi, do, dum, deceptum, u, decipiens, decepturus, *to deceive* 78,83
Decerpo, is, cerpſi, decerpĕre, decerpendi, do, dum, decerptum, u, decerpens, decerpturus, *to crop off* 75
Dedo, dedis, dedidi, dedĕre, dedendi, do, dum, deditum, u, dedens, dediturus, *to yeeld himſelf* 74
Defetiſcor, defetiſcĕris, vel ĕre, defeſſus ſum vel fui, defetiſci, defetiſcendi, do, dum, defeſſum, defeſſu, defetiſcens, defeſſus, defeſſurus, *to be weary* 74
Dego, degis, degi, degĕre, degendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) degens, *to live* 78,90
Deleo, les, levi, lére, lendi, do, dum, deletum, u, delens, deleturus, *to blot out* 66
Deliteo, es, ui, delitĕre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) delitens, *to lye hid* 75
Demo, demis, dempſi, demĕre, demendi, do, dum, demptum, u, demens, dempturus, *to take away* 69
Depango, gis, panxi & pegi, depangĕre, depangendi, do, dum, depactum, u, depangens, depacturus, *to faſten down* 76
Depoſco, is, depopoſci, depoſcere, depoſcendi, do, dum, depoſcitum, u, depoſcens, poſciturus, *to require earneſtly* 73
Deſilio, is, deſilii, deſilivi, & deſilui, deſilire, deſiliendi, do, dum, deſultum, u, deſiliens, lturus, *to leap down* 83
Detrecto, as, avi, detrectare, andi, do, dum, detrectatum, u, detrectans, detrectaturus, *to detract or backbite* 74
Dico, is, dixi, dicere, dicendi, do, dum, dictum, u, dicens, dicturus, *to ſpeak* 68
Diffiteor, ēris, vel ēre, diffeſſus ſum vel fui, diffiteri, endi, do, dum, diffeſſum, u, diffitens, diffeſſus, diffeſſurus, *to deny* 85
Digredior, digredĕris, vel ĕre, digreſſus ſum vel fui, digredi, iendi, do, dum, digreſſum, u, digrediens, digreſſus, digreſſurus, *to go aſide* 85
Diligo, is, lexi, diligere, endi, do, dum, dilectum, u, diligens, dilecturus, *to love* 78

Diluo, is, ui, ĕre, endi, do, dum, dilutum, tu, diluens, dilu turus, *to wash, or rinse* 71
Diſco, is, didici, diſcere, diſcendi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) diſcens, *to learn* 70, 73, 99
Diſpergo, is, ſi, diſpergere, diſpergendi, do, dum, diſper ſum, ſu, diſpergens, diſperſurus, *to ſcatter abroad* 71
Diſpeſco, is, peſcui, diſpeſcere, diſpeſcendi, do, dum, (Su pinis caret) diſpeſcens, *to drive beaſts from paſture* 75, 99
Diſpliceo, es, ui, diſplicere, endi, do, dum, diſplicitum, u diſplicens, diſplicĭturus, *to diſpleaſe* 71
Divido, is, diviſi, dividere, dividendi, do, dum, diviſum u, dividens, diviſurus, *to divide* 61
Do, das, dedi, dare, dandi, do, dum, datum, u, dans, dan rus, *to give* 68, 73, 75
Doceo, es, ui, ĕre, endi, do, dum, doctum, u, docens, do cturus, *to teach*
Doleo, es, ui, ĕre, endi, do, dum, dolitum, u, dolens, doli turus, *to grieve* 91
Domo, as, domui, domare, domandi, do, dum, domitum, u, domans, domĭturus, *to tame* 65, 81
Duco, is, duxi, ducere, ducendi, do, dum, ductum, u, du cens, ductŭrus, *to lead* 68

E

EDiſco, ediſcis, ediſcere, ediſcendi, do, dum, (Su pinis caret) ediſcens, *to learn perfectly* 73
Edo, edis vel es, edi, edere vel eſſe, edendi, do, dum, eſum, eſu, vel eſtum, eſtu, edens, eſurus vel eſturus, *to eat* 74
Edoceo, es, ui, ĕre, endi, do, dum, edoctum, edoctu, edo cens, edoctŭrus, *to teach perfectly* 72
Egeo, es, ui, egĕre, egendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) egens, *to want* 76
Emineo, es, ui, ĕre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) emi nens, *to excel* 98

Emo, is, emi, emĕre, emendi, do, dum, emptum, u, emens, empturus, *to buy* 69, 78, 80
Epaſco, is, pavi, paſcere, paſcendi, do, dum, (Supinis caret) epaſcens, *to eat up* 75
Eripio, is, ui, eripere, eripiendi, do, dum, ereptum, u, eripiens, erepturus, *to take away by violence* 76
Eſurio, is, ivi, eſurire, eſuriendi, do, dum, eſuritum, u, eſuriens, eſuriturus, *to begin to be an hungry* 89
Exedo, is, vel exes, exedi, exedere vel exeſſe, exedendi, do, dum, exeſum, u, exedens, exeſurus, *to eat up* 84
Exigo, is, ĕgi, igĕre, igendi, do, dum, exactum, u, exigens, exacturus, *to require* 77
Excludo, is, cluſi, cludere, endi, do, dum, excluſum, u, excludens, excluſurus, *to exclude* 77
Exculpo, is, pſi, exculpere, endi, do, dum, exculptum, u, exculpens, exculpturus, *to carve* 77
Excurro, is, excucurri, excurrere, endi, do, dum, excurſum, u, excurrens, excurſurus, *to run out* 73
Excutio, is, excuſſi, excutĕre, excutiendi, do, dum, excuſſum, u, excutiens, excuſſurus, *to shake off* 77
Exoleo, es, ui, & exolevi, exolére, endi, do, dum, exoletum, u, exolens, exoleturus, *grows out of use* 73
Expergiſcor, ĕris vel ĕre, experrectus ſum vel ſui, expergiſci, expergiſcendi, do, dum, experrectum, u, expergiſcens, experrectus, experrecturus, *to awake* 85
Experior, iris vel ire, expertus ſum vel ſui, experiri, experiendi, do, dum, expertum, u, experiens, experturus, *to try* 85
Explico, as, ui vel avi, are, explicandi, do, dum, explicitum, u, vel explicatum, u, expliçans, explicaturus vel explicaturus, *to declare* 73
Exuo, is, ui, exuĕre, endi, do, dum, exutum, u, exuens, exuturus, *to put off* 81

F

FAceſſo, is, ſi, ĕre, endi, do, dum, faceſſum, u, faceſſens, urus, *to go about to do* 70
Facio, is, feci, facere, faciendi, do, dum, factum, u, faciens, facturus, *to make, or do.* 71, 78, 79, 83
Fallo, is, fefelli, fallere, endi, do, dum, falſum, u, fallens, falſurus, *to deceive* 69, 80, 47
Farcio, is, farſi, farcire, iendi, do, dum, fartum, u, farciens, farturus, *to ſtuffe* 72, 80
Fateor, ēris vel ēre, faſſus ſum vel fui, fatéri, endi, do, dum, faſſum, u, fatens, faſſus, faſſurus, *to confeſſe* 85
Fatiſco, is, (caret præterito) fatiſcere, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) fatiſcens, *to gape* 89
Fatiſcor, ĕris vel ĕre, feſſus ſum vel fui, fatiſci, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) fatiſcens, *to be weary* 74, 85
Faveo, es, vi, ēre, endi, do, dum, fautum, u, favens, fauturus, *to favour* 81
Ferio, is, percuſſi, ferire, feriendi, do, dum, percuſſum, u, feriens, percuſſurus, *to ſtrike* 60
Fero, fers, tuli, ferre, ferendi, do, dum, latum, u, ferens, laturus, *to bear or ſuffer* 80, 88
Ferveo, es, vi, ēre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) fervens, *to be hot* 66, 88, 90
Ferveſco, is, fervi, ferveſcere, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) ferveſcens, *to wax hot* 87, 88
Fido, is, fiſus ſum vel fui, fidere, fidendi, do, dum, fiſum, u, fidens, fiſurus, *to truſt* 87
Figo, is, fixi, figĕre, figendi, do, dum, fixum, u, figens, fixurus, *to faſten* 82
Findo, is, fidi, findere, endi, do, dum, fiſſum, u, findens, fiſſurus, *to cleave* 68, 78

Fingo, is, finxi, fingere, fingendi, do, dum, fictum, u, fingens, ficturus, *to feign* 82
Fio, fis, factus ſum vel fui, fieri, factus, faciendus, *to be made or done* 87
Flaveo, es, vi, ēre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) flavens, *to be yellow* 90
Flecto, is, flexi, flectĕre, endi, do, dum, flexum, u, flectens, flexurus, *to bend* 71, 82
Fleo, fles, flevi, flere, flendi, do, dum, fletum, u, flens, fleturus, *to weep* 66
Flo, flas, flavi, flare, flandi, do, dum, flatum, u, flans, flaturus, *to blow* 81
Fluo, is, fluxi, fluere, fluendi, do, dum, fluxum, u, fluens, fluxurus, *to flow* 71, 82
Fodio, is, fodi, fodĕre, fodiendi, do, dum, foſſum, u, fodiens, foſſurus, *to dig* 71, 79
Frango, is, fregi, frangere, endi, do, dum, fractum, u, frangens, fracturus, *to break* 69, 78, 79
Frico, as, fricui, fricare, fricandi, do, dum, frictum, u, fricans, fricturus, *to rub* 65, 81
Frigeo, es, frixi, frigēre, endi, dum, frictum, u, frigens, fricturus, *to be cold* 66, 91
Fruor, ĕris vel ĕre, fructus vel fruitus ſum vel fui, frui, fruendi, do, dum, fructum, u, vel fruitum, u, fruens, fruiturus, fruendus, *to enjoy* 85
Fugio, is, fugi, fugere, iendi, do, dum, fugitum, u, fugiens, fugiturus, *to avoid* 71, 80
Fulcio, is, ſi, fulcire, iendi, do, dum, fultum, u, fulciens, fulturus, *to underprop* 72, 80
Fundo, is, fudi, fundere, endi, do, dum, fuſum, u, fundens, fuſurus, *to pour out* 68
Furo, is, inſanivi, furĕre, endi, do, dum, inſanitum, u, furens, inſaniturus, *to be mad* 88
Fuo, is, fui, fuĕre, fuendi, do, dum, futum, u, fuens, futurus, *to be* 88

G

GAudeo, es, gavisus sum vel fui, gaudere, endi, do, dum, gavisum, u, gaudens, gavisurus, *to rejoyce* 87
Gero, is, gessi, gerere, gerendi, do, dum, gestum, u, gerens, gesturus, *to bear* 70, 80
Gigno, is, genui, gignĕre, gignendi, do, dum, genitum, u, gignens, genitarus, *to beget* 70
Gliscо, is, (caret præterito) gliscere, gliscendi, do, dum, (supinis caret) gliscens, *to grow or increase* 89
Gradior, ĕris vel ĕre, gressus sum vel fui, gradi, gradiendi, do, dum, gressum, u, gradiens, gressurus, *to go* 85

H

HAbeo, es, ui, ĕre, endi, do, dum, habitum, u, habens, habiturus, *to have* 75
Hæreo, es, hæsi, hærére, hærendi, do, dum, hæsum, u, hærens, hæsurus, *to stick* 66
Haurio, is, hausi, haurire, hauriendi, do, dum, haustum, u, hauriens, haustrurus, *to draw* 72, 80

I

JAceo, es, jacui, jacére, jacendi, do, dum, (supinis caret) jacens, *to lye* 78
Jacio, is, jeci, jacĕre, jacendi, do, dum, jactum, u, jaciens, jacturus, *to cast* 71, 78, 79, 83
Ico, icis, ici, icĕre, icendi, do, dum, ictum, u, icens, icturus, *to strike* 79

Immineo,

Immineo, es, ui, ēre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) imminens, *to hang over* 83
Impertio, is, ívi, íre, iendi, do, dum, itum, u, iens, iturus, *to beſtow* 75
Impingo, is, pegi, impingĕre, endi, do, dum, impactum, u, impingens, impacturus, *to ſtumble* 76
Inceſſo, is, ivi, inceſſĕre, endi, do, dum, inceſſitum, u, inceſſens, inceſſiturus, *to provoke* 70
Incido, is, incĭdi, incidĕre, incidendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) incidens, *to fall into* 90
Incipio, is, cepi, incipere, incipiendi, do, dum, inceptum, u, iens, incepturus, *to begin* 78
Inculco, as, avi, are, andi, do, dum, inculcatum, u, inculcans, aturus, *to repeat often* 71
Indigeo, es, ui, ére, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) indigens, *to want* 76
Indo, is, indidi, indĕre, indendi, do, dum, inditum, u, indens, inditurus, *to put in* 74
Indulgeo, es, ſi, indulgēre, endi, do, dum, indultum, u, & indultum, u, indulgens, indulſurus, & indulturus, *to pamper* 80
Inficio, is, feci, inficere, iendi, do, dum, infectum, u, inficiens, infecturus, *to die* 78, 83
Ingruo, is, ingrui, ingruere, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) ingruens, *to invade* 91
Inſanio, is, ivi, ire, iendi, do, dum, itum, u, inſaniens, iturus, *to be mad* 88
Inſero, is, inſévi, inſerĕre, endi, do, dum, inſitum, u, inſerens, inſiturus, *to graffe* 83
Inſulto, as, avi, are, andi, do, dum, atum, u, ans, aturus, *to leap upon* 77
Intelligo, is, lexi, intelligĕre, endi, do, dum, intellectum, u, intelligens, intellecturus, *to underſtand* 78
Iraſcor, ĕris, vel ĕre, iratus ſum vel fui, iraſci, endi, do, dum, iratum, u, iraſcens, iratus, *to be angry* 85
Jubeo, es, juſſi, jubere, endi, do, dum, juſſum, u, jubens, juſſurus,

jussurus, *to bid* 66
Jungo, is, junxi, jungere, endi, do, dum, junctum, u, jungens, junctarus, *to joyn* 69
Juro, as, avi, & juratus sum vel fui, jurare, andi, do, dum, juratum, u, jurans, juraturus, *to swear* 86
Juvo, as, juvi, juvare, juvandi, do, dum, jutum, u, juvans, juturus, *to help* 65

L

LAbor, eris vel ere, lapsus sum vel fui, labi, endi, do, dum, lapsum, u, labens, lapsus, lapsurus, *to slide* 85
Lacesso, is, lacessivi, lacessĕre, lacessendi, do, dum, lacessitum, u, lacessens, lacessiturus, *to provoke* 70
Lacio, lacis, lexi, lacere, laciendi, do, dum, lectum, u, laciens, lecturus, *to allure* 71
Lacto, as, avi, are, andi, do, dum, lactatum, u, lactans, lactaturus, *to give milk* 74
Lædo, is, læsi, lædĕre, lædendi, do, dum, læsum, u, lædens, læsurus, *to hurt* 68, 75
Lambo, is, bi, ĕre, endi, do, dum, (supinis caret) lambens, *to lick* 68, 89
Lateo, es, latui, latēre, latendi, do, dum, (supinis caret) latens, *to lye hid* 74, 91
Lavo, as, vi, lavare, andi, do, dum, lautum, u, lotum, u, & lavatum, u, lavans, lauturus, loturus & lavaturus, *to wash* 65, 67
Lego, is, legi, legĕre, endi, do, dum, lectum, u, legens, lecturus, *to read* 68, 78, 79, 83
Leo, les, levi, lēre, lendi, do, dum, letum, u, lens, leturus, *to anoint* 66
Liber, libebat, libuit & libitum est vel fuit, libuerat & libitum erat vel fuerat, libebit, &c. *it listeth* 87

Licet,

Licet, licebat, licuit & licitum eſt vel fuit, licuerat & licitum erat vel fuerat, licebit, &c. *it is lawful* 87
Lingo, is, linxi, lingere, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) lingens, *to lick* 90
Lino, is, lini, livi & levi, linĕre, linendi, do, dum, litum, u, linens, liturus, *to dawb* 70, 81
Linquo, is, liqui, linquĕre, linquendi, do, dum, lictum, u, linquens, licturus, *to leave* 70, 80, 90
Liquefio, fis, factus ſum vel fui, liquefieri, liquefactus, liquefaciendus, *to be melted* 88
Liquor, ĕris vel ĕre, liquefactus ſum vel fui, liqui, liquendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) liquefactus, liquefaciendus, *to be melted* 88
Liveo, es, livi, livére, livendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) livens, *to be black and blew* 90
Loquor, ĕris, vel ĕre, loquutus ſum vel fui, loqui, loquendi, do, dum, loquutum, u, loquens, loquuturus, loquutus, loquendus, *to ſpeak* 85
Luceo, es, luxi, lucēre, lucendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) lucens, *to ſhine* 66, 91
Ludo, is, luſi, ludĕre, ludendi, do, dum, luſum, u, ludens, luſurus, *to play* 68
Lugeo, es, luxi, lugēre, endi, do, dum, luctum, u, lugens, luctus, *to lament* 66
Luo, luis, lui, luĕre, luendi, do, dum, luitum, u, luens, luiturus, *to ſuffer puniſhment* 90

M

MAlo, mavis, malui, malle, mallendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) malens, *to be more willing* 90
Mando, is, di, mandĕre, endi, do, dum, manſum, u, mandens, manſurus, *to chew* 68

Maneo, es, manſi, manēre, manendi, do, dum, manſum, u, manens, manſurus, *to tarry* 66
Medeor, ēris, vel ēre, medicatus ſum vel fui, mederi, medendi, do, dum, medicatum, u, medens, medicaturus, *to heal* 88
Medicor, āris, vel āre, medicatus ſum vel fui, medicari, medicandi, do, dum, medicatum, u, medicans, medicaturus, *to heal* 88
Meio, is, minxi, meiēre, meiendi, do, dum, mictum, u, meiens, micturus, *to piſſe* 87
Mereor, ēris vel ēre, merui, vel meritus ſum vel fui, merēri, merendi, do, dum, meritum, u, merens, meritus, *to deſerve* 88
Meto, is, meſſui, metēre, merendi, do, dum, meſſum, u, metens, meſſurus, *to mow* 71, 82
Metior, īris, vel īre, menſus ſum vel fui, metiri, metiendi, do, dum, menſum, u, metiens, metiturus, metitus, metiendus, *to meaſure* 85
Metuo, is, metui, metuēre, metuendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) metuens, *to fear* 91
Metuor, ēris, vel ēre, (præterito caret) metui, metuendus, *to be feared* 89
Mico, as, ui, micare, micandi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) micans, *to ſhine* 65, 89
Micturio, is, (caret præterito) micturire, micturiendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) micturiens, *to deſire to piſſe* 89
Mingo, is, minxi, mingēre, mingendi, do, dum, mictum, u, mingens, micturus, *to mingle* 82, 87
Miſceo, es, ui, miſcēre, endi, do, dum, miſtum, u, miſcens, miſturus, *to mingle* 82
Miſereor, ēris, vel ēre, miſertus ſum vel fui, miſereri, miſerendi, do, dum, miſertum, u, miſerens, miſertus, miſerturus, *to take pity* 85
Mitto, is, miſi, mittere, mittendi, do, dum, miſſum, u, mittens, miſſurus, *to ſend* 71, 80

Mœreo, es, mœſtus ſum vel fui, mœrēre, mœrendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) mœrens, *to be ſad* 87
Mordeo, es, momordi, mordēre, mordendi, do, dum, morſum, u, mordens, morſurus, *to bite* 66
Morior, ĕris, vel ĕre, mortuus ſum vel fui, mori, moriendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) moriens, mortuus, moriturus, *to die* 86
Mulceo, es, ſi, mulcēre, endi, do, dum, mulſum, u, mulcens, mulſurus, *to aſſwage* 66
Mulgeo, es, mulſi & mulxi, mulgére, mulgendi, do, dum, mulctum, u, mulgens, mulcturus, *to milk* 66
Multiplico, as, avi, are, andi, do, dum, atum, u, ans, urus, *to multiply* 73

N

NAnciſcor, ĕris, vel ĕre, nactus ſum vel fui, nanciſci, nanciſcendi, do, dum, nactum, u, nanciſcens, nacturus, *to obtain* 85
Naſcor, ĕris, vel ĕre, natus ſum vel fui, naſci, naſcendi, do, dum, natum, u, naſcens, natus, naſciturus, *to be born* 86
Neco, as, ui, necare, andi, do, dum, nectum, u, necans, necturus, *to kill* 65, 81
Necto, is, nexi, vel nexui, nectere, nectendi, do, dum, nexum, u, nectens, nexurus, *to knit* 71
Negligo, is, lexi, negligĕre, negligendi, do, dum, neglectum, u, negligens, neglecturus, *to neglect* 78
Neo, nes, nevi, nēre, nendi, do, dum, netum, u, nens, neturus, *to ſpin* 66
Nexo, as, ui, nexāre, andi, do, dum, nexum, u, nexans, nexurus, *to knit* 65, 82
Nideo, es, (præterito caret) nidére, nidendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) nidens, *to ſhine* 83
Nigreo, es, ui, nigrēre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) nigrens, *to wax black* 66

Ningo, is, xi, ningere, ningendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) ningens, *to ſnow* 90
Nitor, ĕris vel ĕre, nixus ſum vel fui, niti, nitendi, do, dum, niſum, u, vel nixum, u, nitens, niſurus vel nixurus, *to endeavour* 85
Niveo, es, nivi, nivēre, nivendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) nivens, *to wink* 66
No, nas, navi, nare, nandi, do, dum, natum, u, nans, naturus, *to ſwim* 65
Noceo, es, ui, nocēre, nocendi, do, dum, nocitum, u, nocens, nociturus, *to hurt* 91
Nolo, non vis, nolui, nolle, nolendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) nolens, *to be unwilling* 90
Noſco, is, novi, noſcere, endi, do, dum, notum, u, noſcens, noturus, *to know* 84
Nubo, is, nupſi, & nupta ſum vel fui, nubere, nubendi, do, dum, nuptum, u, nubens, nupturus, *to be married to a man* 68

O

Obdo, is, obdĭdi, obdĕre, obdendi, do, dum, obditum, u, obdens, obditurus, *to bolt* 74
Obliviſcor, ĕris vel ĕre, oblitus ſum vel fui, obliviſci, obliviſcendi, do, dum, oblitum, u, obliviſcens, oblitus, obliturus, obliviſcendus, *to forget* 85
Occĭdo, is, occĭdi, occidĕre, endi, do, dum, occaſum, u, occĭdens, occaſurus, *to fall down* 75, 90
Occído, is, occídi, occidĕre, endi, do, dum, occíſum, u, occídens, occíſurus, *to kill* 76
Occludo, is, occluſi, occludĕre, endi, do, dum, occluſum, u, occludens, occluſurus, *to ſhut up* 77
Occulo, is, occului, occulĕre, endi, do, dum, occultum, u, occulens, occulturus, *to hide* 81

Oleo, es, olui, olére, olendi, do, dum, olitum, u, olens, oliturus, *to give a ſmell* 73,91
Olfacio, is, feci, olfacere, olfaciendi, do, dum, olfactum, u, olfaciens, olfacturus, *to ſmell* 78
Operio, is, operui, operire, operiendi, do, dum, opertum, u, operiens, operturus, *to cover* 75
Oppango, is, oppĕgi, oppangere, endi, do, dum, oppactum, u, oppangens, oppacturus, *to joyn unto* 77
Ordior, īris vel īre, orſus ſum vel fui, ordiri, ordiendi, do, dum, orſum, u, ordiens, orſus, orſurus, *to begin* 85
Ordior, iris vel ire, orditus ſum vel fui, ordiri, ordiendi, do, dum, orditum, u, ordiens, orditus, orditurus, *to weave* 85
Orior, ĕris vel ĕre, & īris, vel īre, ortus ſum vel fui, oriri, oriendi, do, dum, ortum, ortu, oriens, ortus, orituru, *to ariſe* 86

P

PAciſcor, ĕris vel ĕre, pactus ſum vel fui, paciſci, endi, do, dum, pactum, u, paciſcens, pactus, pacturus, paciſcendus, *to make a bargain* 85
Pando, is, di, ĕre, endi, do, dum, paſſum, u, pandens, paſſurus, *to open* 79
Pango, is, pépigi, pangĕre, pangendi, do, dum, pactum, u, pangens, pacturus, *to bargain* 69,70
Pango, is, pegi, pangere, endi, do, dum, pactum, u, pangens, pacturus, *to joyn* 76,79
Pango, is, panxi, pangĕre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) pangens, *to ſing* 69
Parco, is, peperci, parcĕre, parcendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) parcens, *to ſpare* 68, 69
Pareo, es, ui, ēre, endi, do, dum, parĭtum, u, parens, pariturus, *to obey* 91

Pario, paris, peperis, parĕre, iendi, do, dum, partum, u, pariens, parturus, *to bring forth* 71, 75, 80, 84
Partio, partis, ivi, ire, iendi, do, dum, partitum, u, partiens, partiturus, *to divide* 75
Parturio, is, ivi, ire, iendi, do, dum, parturītum, u, iens, iturus, *to be ready to bring forth* 89
Paſco, is, pavi, paſcĕre, endi, do, dum, paſtum, u, paſcens, paſturus, *to feed* 70, 81
Paſcor, ĕris vel ĕre, paſtus ſum vel fui, paſci, paſtus, paſcendus, *to be fed* 61
Pateo, es, ui, & paſſus ſum vel fui, ēre, endi, do, dum, paſſum, u, patens, paſſurus, *to lie open* 82, 91
Patior, ĕris vel ĕre, paſſus ſum vel fui, pati, patiendi, do, dum, paſſum, u, patiens, paſſurus, paſſus, patiendus, *to ſuffer* 85
Patro, as, avi, āre, andi, do, dum, patratum, u, patrans, patraturus, *to commit* 75
Paveo, es, vi, pavēre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) pavens, *to fear* 90
Pecto, is, pexi, & pexui, pectĕre, endi, do, dum, pexum, u, pectens, pexurus, *to kemb* 71
Pedo, is, pepēdi, pedĕre, pedendi, do, dum, peditum, u, pedens, pediturus, *to fart* 68, 79
Pello, is, pĕpuli, pellĕre, pellendi, do, dum, pulſum, u, pellens, pulſurus, *to drive away* 69, 86
Pendeo, es, pependi, pendēre, pendendi, do, dum, penſum, u, pendens, penſurus, *to hang* 66
Pendo, is, pependi, pendĕre, pandendi, do, dum, penſum, u, pendens, penſurus, *to weigh* 68
Perago, is, ēgi, perágere, endi, do, dum, peractum, u, peragens, peracturus, *to finiſh* 78
Percutio, is, percuſſi, percutĕre, iendi, do, dum, percuſſum, u, percutiens, percuſſurus, *to ſtrike* 77, 87
Perdo, is, perdidi, perdĕre, perdendi, do, dum, perditum, u, perdens, perditurus, *to loſe* 74

Pergo, is, perrexi, pergĕre, pergendi, do, dum, perrectum, u, pergens, perrecturus, *to go forward* 78
Perimo, is, émi, perimĕre, perimendi, do, dum, peremptum, u, perimens, perempturus, *to kill* 78
Perlego, is, perlégi, ĕre, endi, do, dum, perlectum, u, perlegens, perlecturus, *to read thoroughly* 83
Permaneo, es, permansi, permanēre, permanendi, do, dum, permansum, u, permanens, permansurus, *to tarry* 50
Pernosco, is, pernovi, pernoscĕre, endi, do, dum, pernotum, u, pernoscens, pernoturus, *to know perfectly* 84
Perpetro, as, avi, āre, andi, do, dum, perpetratum, u, perpetrans, atúrus, *to commit* 75
Perpetior, ĕris vel ĕre, perpessus sum vel fui, perpĕti, perpetiendi, do, dum, perpessum, u, perpetiens, perpessurus, *to suffer* 85
Perplaceo, es, ui, perplacēre, endi, do, dum, perplácitum, u, perplacens, perplaciturus, *to please very well* 76
Persto, as, perstĭti, perstare, andi, do, dum, perstitum, u, perstans, perstiturus, *to abide still* 73
Pertingo, is, pertĭgi, pertingere, pertingendi, do, dum, pertactum, u, pertingens, pertacturus, *to touch* 76
Pertundo, is, pertŭdi, pertundĕre, endi, do, dum, pertusum, u, pertundens, pertusurus, *to beat in pieces* 83
Pessundo, as, dĕdi, dăre, andi, do, dum, pessúndatum, u, pessundans, datúrus, *to undo* 73
Peto, is, petii, sive petivi, petĕre, petendi, do, dum, petítum, u, petens, petiturus, *to ask* 71
Pexo, as, pexui, pexare, andi, do, dum, pexum, u, pexans, pexurus, *to kemb.* vide pecto 82
Piget, ébat, piguit & pigitum est vel fuit, piguerat & pigitum erat vel fuerat, pigebit, pigere, *it irketh* 87
Pingo, is, pinxi, pingĕre, pingendi, do, dum, pictum, u, pingens, picturus, *to paint* 82
Pinso, is, pinsui, pinsĕre, endi, do, dum, pistum, u, pinsens, pisturus, *to bake* 70, 82

Placeo, es, ui, placēre, endi, do, dum, placitum, u, placens, placiturus, *to pleaſe* 91
Plaudo, is, ſi, plaudĕre, endi, do, dum, plauſum, u, plaudens, plauſurus, *to clap hands for joy* 68
Plecto, is, plexi, plectĕre, endi, do, dum, plexum, u, plectens, plexurus, *to puniſh* 82
Pleo, ples, plevi, plēre, plendi, do, dum, pletum, u, plens, pleturus, *to fill* 65
Plico, as, avi & ui, plicare, andi, do, dum, plicatum, u, & plicitum, u, plicans, plicaturus & pliciturus, *to fold.* 65, 73
Pluo, is, plui & pluvi, pluĕre, endi, do, dum, plŭtum, u, pluens, pluiturus, *to rain* 71
Polleo, es, (præterito caret) pollēre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) pollens, *to be able* 89
Pono, is, poſui, ponĕre, ponendi, do, dum, pŏſitum, u, ponens, poſitūrus, *to put* 70
Poſco, is, popoſci, poſcĕre, poſcendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) poſcens, *to require* 70, 73, 90
Poto, as, potavi, (& potus ſum vel fui) potare, potandi, do, dum, potum, u, & potatum, u, potans, poturus & potaturus, *to drink* 81
Præcurro, is, præcucurri, præcurrĕre, endi, do, dum, præcurſum, u, præcurrens, præcurſurus, *to run before* 73
Prælego, is, légi, prælegĕre, endi, do, dum, prælectum, u, prælegens, prælecturus, *to read before* 78
Præmineo, es, ui, præminēre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) præminens, *to excel others* 77
Præſto, as, præſtiti & præſtavi, præſtare, andi, do, dum, præſtitum, u, & præſtatum, u, præſtans, præſtiturus, & præſtaturus, *to perform* 74
Prandeo, es, di, & pranſus ſum vel fui, prandēre, endi, do, dum, pranſum, u, prandens, pranſurus, *to dine* 66
Premo, is, preſſi, premĕre, premendi, do, dum, preſſum, u, premens, preſſurus, *to preſſe* 69, 78

Prodo,

Prodo, is, prodĭdi, prodĕre, prodendi, do, dum, proditum, u, prodens, proditurus, *to betray* 74
Proficiſcor, ĕris vel ĕre, profectus ſum vel fui, proficiſci, endi, do, dum, profectum, u, proficiſcens, profecturus, *to go a journey* 85
Proluo, is, prolui, proluĕre, proluendi, do, dum, prolūtum, u, proluens, proluturus, *to waſh* 77
Promineo, es, ui, prominēre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) prominens, *to hang out in ſight* 77
Promo, is, prompſi, promĕre, endi, do, dum, promptum, u, promens, prompturus, *to draw* 69
Pſallo, is, pſalli, pſallĕre, pſallendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) pſallens, *to ſing* 73,90
Pudet, pudebat, puduit, & puditum eſt vel fuit, puduerat & puditum erat vel fuerat, pudebit, pudere, &c. *it ſhameth* 87
Pueraſco, is, (caret præterito) pueraſcĕre, pueraſcendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) pueraſcens, *to wax childiſh.* 89
Pungo, is, punxi, & pupugi, pungĕre, endi, do, dum, punctum, u, pungens, punctūrus, *to prick* 69,73,80

Q

Quæro, is, quæſivi, quærere, quærendi, do, dum, quæſitum, u, quærens, quæſiturus, *to ſeek* 70,76
Quatio, quatis, (quaſſi, vel potiùs) concuſſi, quatĕre, quatiendi, do, dum, (quaſſum, u, vel) concuſſum, u, quatiens, quaſſurus vel concuſſurus, *to ſhake* 71,77,87
Queror, querĕris vel querĕre, queſtus ſum vel fui, queri, querendi, do, dum, queſtum, u, querens, queſturus, *to complain* 85
Quiniſco, is, quexi, quiniſcĕre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) quiniſcens, *to nod.* 70

R

RAdo, is, raſi, radĕre, radendi, do, dum, raſum, u, radens, raſurus, *to ſhave* 68
Rapio, is, rapui, rapĕre, rapiendi, do, dum, raptum, u, piens, rapturus, *to ſnatch* 76, 82, 83
Raucio, is, rauſi, raucíre, iendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) rauciens, *to be hoarſe* 81
Recĭdo, is, recĭdi, recidĕre, recidendi, do, dum, recaſum, u, recidens, recaſurus, *to fall backward* 90
Recordor, aris vel are, recordatus ſum vel ſui, recordari, recordandi, do, dum, recordatum, u, recordans, recordaturus, *to remember* 88
Reddo, is, reddĭdi, reddĕre, endi, do, dum, redditum, u, reddens, redditurus, *to reſtore* 74
Redoleo, es, ui, ēre, endi, do, dum, redolitum, u, redolens, redoliturus, *to caſt a ſtrong ſmell* 73
Refello, is, refelli, refellĕre, refellendi, do, dum, refalſum, u, refellens, refalſurus, *to diſprove* 74
Refringo, is, refrégi, refringere, refringendi, do, dum, refractum, u, refringens, refracturus, *to break open* 78
Rego, regis, rexi, regĕre, endi, do, dum, rectum, u, regens, recturus, *to rule* 78
Rejicio, is, rejéci, rejicĕre, rejiciendi, do, dum, rejectum, u, rejiciens, rejecturus, *to reject* 83
Relego, is, relégi, relegĕre, relegendi, do, dum, relectum, u, relegens, relecturus, *to read again* 78
Réminiſcor, ĕris vel ĕre, recordatus ſum vel ſui, reminiſci, endi, do, dum, recordatum, u, reminiſcens, recordaturus, *to remember* 88
Renuo, is, ui, renuĕre, renuendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) renuens, *to refuſe* 90

Reor, réris, vel rére, ratus ſum vel ſui, reri, rendi, do, dum, ratum, u, rens, raturus, *to ſuppoſe* 85
Repango, is, repĕgi, repangere, endi, do, dum, repactum, u, repangens, repacturus, *to faſten again* 77
Reperio, is, repĕri, reperíre, iendi, do, dum, repertum, u, reperiens, reperturus, *to finde* 78
Replico, as, replicui, & replicavi, āre, andi, do, dum, replicatum, u, replicans, replicaturus, *to reply* 78
Reprimo, is, repreſſi, reprimĕre, endi, do, dum, repreſſum, u, reprimens, repreſſurus, *to reſtrain* 78
Repungo, is, repupugi, & repunxi, repungĕre, endi, do, dum, repunctum, u, repungens, repunctūrus, *to prick again* 73
Reſpicio, is, reſpexi, reſpicĕre, reſpiciendi, do, dum, reſpectum, u, reſpiciens, reſpecturus, *to look back* 78
Reſpondeo, es, di, ēre, endi, do, dum, reſponſum, u, reſpondens, reſponſurus, *to anſwer* 73
Reſpuo, is, ui, reſpuĕre, endi, do, dum, reſputum, u, reſpuens, reſputurus, *to refuſe* 90
Reſulto, as, avi, āre, andi, do, dum, reſultum, u, reſultans, reſulturus, *to rebound* 77
Reticĕo, es, reticui, reticēre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) reticens, *to hold ones peace* 76
Retineo, es, ui, retinēre, endi, do, dum, retentum, u, retinens, retenturus, *to retain* 76
Rideo, es, riſi, ridēre, ridendi, do, dum, riſum, u, ridens, riſurus, *to laugh* 66
Ringo, is, rinxi, ringere, ringendi, do, dum, rictum, u, ringens, ricturus, *to fret* 82
Rōdo, is, roſi, rodĕre, endi, do, dum, roſum, u, rodens, roſurus, *to gnaw* 68
Rūdo, is, rudi, rudĕre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) rudens, *to bray like an aſſe* 89
Rumpo, is, rupi, rumpere, endi, do, dum, ruptum, u, rumpens, ruptūrus, *to break* 76
Ruo, is, ui, ruĕre, endi, do, dum, ruitum, u, ruens, ruiturus, *to fall down* 83

S

SAcro, as, avi, are, andi, do, dum, atum, u, ſacrans, aturus, *to dedicate* 74
Salio, is, ſalii & ſalui, ſalire, iendi, do, dum, ſaltum, u, ſaliens, ſalturus, *to leap* 72, 75, 81, 83
Salio, (& ſallio) is, ſalivi, ſalire, iendi, do, dum, ſalitum, u, ſaliens, ſalitturus, *to ſeaſon with ſalt; and*
Sallo, is, ſalli, ſallĕre, endi, do, dum, ſalſum, u, ſallens, ſalſurus, *to ſeaſon with ſalt* 69, 86
Salto, as, avi, áre, andi, do, dum, atum, u, ans, atúrus, *to dance* 77
Sancio, is, ſancivi, & ſanxi, ſancire, iendi, do, dum, ſanctum, u, ſanciens, ſanciturus, *to eſtabliſh* 78
Sapio, is, ſapui, ſapĕre, ſapiendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) ſapiens, *to be wiſe* 71, 76
Sarcio, ſarcis, ſarſi, ſarcire, iendi, do, dum, ſartum, u, ſarciens, ſarturus, *to patch* 72, 80
Satago, is, égi, ſatagĕre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) ſatagens, *to endeavour* 78, 99
Scabo, is, ſcabi, ſcabĕre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) ſcabens, *to ſcratch* 84
Scalpo, is, ſcalpſi, ſcalpĕre, endi, do, dum, ſcalptum, u, ſcalpens, ſcalpturus, *to ſcratch* 79
Scando, is, di, ſcandĕre, endi, do, dum, ſcanſum, u, ſcandens, ſcanſurus, *to climbe* 79
Scindo, is, ſcidi, ſcindere, endi, do, dum, ſciſſum, u, ſcindens ſciſſurus, *to cut* 68, 79
Scio, ſcis, ſcivi, ſcire, iendi, do, dum, ſcitum, u, ſciens, ſciturus, *to know* 78
Scribo, is, ſcripſi, ſcribere, endi, do, dum, ſcriptum, u, ſcribens, ſcripturus, *to write* 79

Scripturio, is, ivi, ſcripturire, iendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) ſcripturiens, *to have a deſire to write* 65,81
Seco, as, ſecui, ſecare, andi, do, dum, ſectum, u, ſecans, ſecturus, *to cut* 68,80
Sedeo, es, ſedi, ſedēre, endi, do, dum, ſeſſdm, u, ſedens, ſeſſurus, *to ſit* 66,78,87
Sentio, is, ſenſi, ſentire, ſentiendi, do, dum, ſenſum, u, ſentiens, ſenſurus, *to perceive* 72
Sepelio, is, ſepelivi, ſepelire, iendi, do, dum, ſepultum, u, ſepeliens, ſepulturus, *to bury* 81
Sepio, is, ſepſi, ſepire, iendi, do, dum, ſeptum, u, ſepiens, ſepturus, *to hedge* 72
Sequor, ĕris, vel ĕre, ſequutus ſum vel fui, ſequi, endi, do, dum, ſequutum, u, ſequens, ſequuturus, ſequutus, ſequendus, *to follow* 85
Sero, is, ſevi, ſerĕre, endi, do, dum, ſatum, u, ſerens, ſaturus, *to ſow* 70,81,83
Sero, is, ſerui, ſerĕre, endi, do, dum, ſertum, u, ſerens, ſerturus, *to ſet in order* 70,82
Sido, is, ſedi, ſidĕre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) ſidens, *to ſettle* 88
Singultio, is, ivi, ire, iendi, do, dum, ſingultitum, u, ſingultiens, ſingulturus, *to ſob* 54
Sino, is, ſivi, ſinĕre, endi, do, dum, ſitum, u, ſitens, ſiturus, *to ſuffer* 69
Siſto, is, ſtiti, ſiſtere, ſiſtendi, do, dum, ſtatum, u, ſiſtens, ſtaturus, *to make to ſtand* 71,81
Siſto, is, ſteti, ſiſtĕre, ſiſtendi, do, dum, ſtatum, u, ſiſtens, ſtaturus, *to ſtand* 88
Soleo, es, ſolitus ſum vel fui, ſolēre, endi, do, dum, ſolitum, u, ſolens, ſoliturus, *to be wont* 87
Solvo, is, ſolvi, ſolvĕre, endi, do, dum, ſolutum, u, ſolvens, ſoluturus, *to loſe* 81
Sono, as, ſonui, ſonare, ſonandi, do, dum, ſonitum, u, ſonans, ſoniturus, *to ſound* 65

Sorbeo, es, ſorbui & ſorpſi, ſorbēre, endi, do, dum, ſorptum, u, ſorbens, ſorpturus, *to ſup* 65
Spargo, is, ſparſi, ſpargĕre, endi, do, dum, ſparſum, u, ſpargens, ſparſurus, *to ſprinkle* 69,75
Specio, is, ſpexi, ſpecĕre, ſpeciendi, do, dum, ſpectum, u, ſpeciens, ſpecturus, *to behold* 78
Sperno, is, ſprevi, ſpernĕre, endi, do, dum, ſpretum, u, ſpernens, ſpreturus, *to deſpiſe* 69,71
Spondeo, es, ſpopondi, ſpondēre, ſpondendi, do, dum, ſponſum, u, ſpondens, ſponſurus, *to promiſe* 65
Statuo, is, ui, ĕre, endi, do, dum, ſtatutum, u, ſtatuens, ſtaturus, *to appoint* 71,75
Sterno, is, ſtravi, ſternere, endi, do, dum, ſtratum, u, ſternens, ſtraturus, *to ſpread abroad* 69
Sterto, is, ſtertui, ſtertĕre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) ſtertens, *to ſnort* 71,91
Sto, ſtas, ſteti, ſtare, ſtandi, do, dum, ſtatum, u, ſtans, ſturus, *to ſtand* 73,74,81,88
Strepo, is, ui, ſtrepĕre, endi, do, dum, ſtrepitum, u, ſtrepens, ſtrepiturus, *to make a noiſe with hands or feet* 70
Strideo, es, ſtridi, ſtridēre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) ſtridens, *to make a noiſe* 66,90
Strido, is, ſtridi, ſtridĕre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) ſtridens, *to make a noiſe* 90
Stringo, is, ſtrinxi, ſtringĕre, endi, do, dum, ſtrictum, u, ſtringens, ſtricturus, *to ſtrain* 82
Struo, is, ſtruxi, ſtruĕre, endi, do, dum, ſtructum, u, ſtruens, ſtructurus, *to build* 71
Suadeo, es, ſuaſi, ſuadēre, endi, do, dum, ſuaſum, u, ſuadens, ſuaſurus, *to perſwade* 65
Sublego, is, legi, ſublegĕre, endi, do, dum, ſublectum, u, ſublegens, ſublecturus, *to ſteal under-hand* 78
Suboleo, es, ui, ēre, endi, do, dum, ſubolitum, u, ſubolens, ſuboliturus, *to ſmell a thing* 72
Sueſco, is, ſuévi, vel ſuetus ſum vel fui, ſueſcĕre, endi, do, dum, ſuetum, u, ſueſcens, ſueturus, *to accuſtome* 86

Sufferо, fers, ſuſtŭli, ſufferre, endi, do, dum, ſublatum, u, ſufferens, ſublaturus, *to ſuffer* 28
Sugo, is, ſuxi, ſugĕre, endi, do, dum, ſuctum, u, ſugens, ſucturus, *to ſuck* 90
Sum, es, fui, eſſe, futurus, *to be* 81
Sumo, is, ſumpſi, ſumĕre, endi, do, dum, ſumptum, u, ſumens, ſumpturus, *to take* 69
Supplico, as, avi, are, andi, do, dum, atum, u, ans, aturus, *to beſeech* 73
Surgo, is, ſurrexi, ſurgĕre, endi, do, dum, ſurrectum, u, ſurgens, ſurrecturus, *to riſe* 78

T

TAceo, es, tacui, tacēre, endi, do, dum, tacitum, u, tacens, taciturus, *to hold ones peace* 71, 76
Tædet, tædebat, tæduit, vel pertæſum eſt vel fuit, tæduerat vel pertæſum erat vel fuerat, tædebit, tædēre, *it irketh* 87
Tango, is, tetĭgi, tangĕre, tangendi, do, dum, tactum, u, tangens, tacturus, *to touch* 69, 76
Temno, is, tempſi, temnĕre, endi, do, dum, temptum, u, temnens, tempturus, *to deſpiſe* 69
Tendo, is, tetendi, tendĕre, endi, do, dum, tenſum, u, & tentum, u, tendens, tenſurus & tenturus, *to ſtretch* 68, 72
Teneo, es, ui, tenēre, endi, do, dum, tentum, u, tenens, tenturus, *to hold* 76, 81
Tepeo, es, ui, ēre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) tepens, *to be warm* 88
Tepeſco, is, tepui, tepeſcere, tepeſcendi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) tepens, *to wax warm* 88
Tero, is, trivi, terĕre, terendi, do, dum, tritum, u, terens, triturus, *to wear* 70

Texo, is, ui, texĕre, endi, do, dum, textum, u, texens texturus, *to weave* 71,72
Timeo, es, ui, timēre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) timens, *to fear* 91
Timeor, timeris vel timēre, (præterito caret) timeri, timendus, *to be feared* 89
Titubo, as, titubavi, vel titubatus ſum vel fui, ari, are, andi, do, dum, atum, u, ans, aturus, *to ſtumble* 86
Tollo, is, ſuſtuli, tollĕre, endi, do, dum, latum, u, tollens, laturus, *to ſuffer* 81
Tondeo, es, totondi, ēre, endi, do, dum, tonſum, u, tondens, tonſurus, *to clip or ſhear* 66,79
Tono, as, ui, āre, andi, do, dum, tonitum, u, tonans, toniturus, *to thunder* 65
Torqueo, is, ſi, torquēre, endi, do, dum, torſum, u, & tortum, u, torquens, torſururus & torturus, *to wreſt* 66,80
Torreo, es, ui, ēre, endi, do, dum, toſtum, u, torrens, toſturus, *to roſt* 81
Tracto, as, avi, āre, andi, do, dum, tractatum, u, tractans, tractaturus, *to handle* 74
Trado, is, tradĭdi, tradĕre, endi, do, dum, itum, u, tradens, iturus, *to deliver* 74
Traho, is, traxi, trahĕre, endi, do, dum, tractum, u, trahens, tracturus, *to draw* 69
Tranſlego, is, legi, ĕre, endi, dum, tranſlectum, u, tranſlegens, tranſlecturus, *to read over* 78
Tremo, is, ui, ĕre, endi, do, dum, (ſupinis caret) tremens, *to tremble* 90
Trudo, is, truſi, trudĕre, endi, do, dum, truſum, u, trudens, truſurus, *to thruſt* 68
Tuor, ĕris vel ĕre, tuitus ſum vel fui, tui, endi, do, dum, tuitum, u, & tuitum, u, tuens, tuturus, & tuiturus, *to look* 87
Tucor, ēris vel ēre, tuitus ſum vel fui, tueri, endi, do, dum, tuitum, u, & tuitum, u, tuens, tuturus, tuiturus, *to defend* 87

Tulo, is, tuli, ĕre, endi, do, dum, latum, u, tulens, laturus, *to bear* 88
Tundo, is, tutudi, tundĕre, endi, do, dum, tunsum, u, tundens, tunsurus, *to knock* 83, 88, 89

V

VAdo, is, vasi, vadĕre, endi, do, dum, vasum, u, vadens, vasurus, *to go* 68
Valeo, es, ui, ēre, endi, do, dum, valitum, u, valens, valiturus, *to be in health* 91
Veho, is, vexi, vehĕre, di, do, dum, vectum, u, vehens, vecturus, *to carry* 68
Vello, is, vulsi, vellĕre, endi, do, dum, vulsum, u, vellens, vulsurus, *to pull up* 69, 89
Vendo, is, vendĭdi, ĕre, endi, do, dum, venditum, u, vendens, iturus, *to sell* 74
Venio, is, venivi, & venditus sum vel fui, venire, iendi, do, dum, venum, u, veniens, *to be sold* 81
Veneo, is, veni, venire, iendi, do, dum, ventum, u, veniens, venturus, *to come* 71
Vergo, is, (præterito caret) vergĕre, vergendi, do, dum, (supinis caret) vergens, *to bend* 89
Verro, is, verri & versi, verrĕre, endi, do, dum, versum, u, verrens, versurus, *to brush* 70, 80
Verto, is, verti, vertĕre, endi, do, dum, versum, u, vertens, versurus, *to turn* 71, 81
Vescor, ĕris vel ĕre, pastus sum vel fui, vesci, endi, do, dum, pastum, u, vescens, pasturus, *to eat* 88
Veto, as, ui, vetāre, endi, do, dum, vetitum, u, vetans, vetiturus, *to forbid* 65
Video, es, vidi, vidĕre, endi, do, dum, visum, u, videns, visurus, *to see* 66, 79

Vieo, es, viévi, viére, endi, do, dum, viétum, ti, viens, viturus, *to bend* 65
Vincio, is, vinxi, vincíre, iendi, do, dum, vinctum, u, vinciens, vincturus, *to binde* 72
Vinco, is, vici, vincére, endi, do, dum, victum, u, vincens, victurus, *to overcome* 68, 73
Viso, is, visi, visére, endi, do, dum, visum, u, visens, visurus, *to visit* 68, 80
Vivo, is, vixi, vivére, vivendi, do, dum, victum, u, vivens, victurus, *to live* 71
Ulciscor, éris vel ére, ultus sum vel fui, ulcisci, endi, do, dum, ultum, u, ulciscens, ulturus, *to revenge* 81
Vociro, as, avi, áre, andi, do, dum, vocitatum, u, vocitans, aturus, *to call often* 81
Volo, vis, volui, velle, volendi, do, dum, (supinis caret) volens, *to be willing* 90
Volvo, is, volvi, volvére, endi, do, dum, volutum, u, volvens, voluturus, *to rowl* 71, 81
Vomo, is, vomui, vomére, endi, do, dum, vomitum, u, vomens, vomiturus, *to vomit* 79
Urgeo, es, ursi, urgére, endi, do, dum, ursum, u, urgens, ursurus, *to urge* 66
Uro, is, ussi, urére, endi, do, dum, ustum, u, urens, usturus, *to burn* 70, 80
Utor, éris, vel ére, uti, endi, do, dum, usum, u, utens, usurus, *to use.* 85

FINIS.